

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION I

5 Post Office Square, Suite 100 Boston, Massachusetts 02109-3912

RECEIVED

OCT 2 8 2010

Office of Regional Hearing Clerk

BY HAND

October 28, 2010

Wanda Santiago Regional Hearing Clerk United States Environmental Protection Agency 5 Post Office Square - Suite 100 Boston, MA 02109-3912

Re:

Burnham Associates, Inc.

Docket No. MPRSA-01-2010-0078

Dear Ms. Santiago:

Enclosed please find EPA's Reply to Respondent's October 22, 2010 Motion to Dismiss for Insufficiency of Service of Process.

As indicated in the Motion, EPA is also sending a copy of the Complaint, originally filed on September 30, 2010, to Mr. John D. Fitzpatrick, legal counsel for Burnham Associates, Inc., by United Parcel Service.

Thank you for your attention to this matter.

Sincerely,

Tonia Bandrowicz

Senior Enforcement Counsel

U.S. EPA

Enclosure

cc:

John D. Fitzpatrick, Esq.

Pingitore & Fitzpatrick

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

REGION 1

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IN THE MATTER OF:	Office of Residence Live
BURNHAM ASSOCIATES, INC.)	Office of Regional Hearing Clerk EPA REPLY TO RESPONDENT'S MOTION TO DISMISS
14 Franklin Street) Salem, MA 01970,)	Docket No. MPRSA-01-2010-0078
Respondent.)	

Pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 22.16(b), Complainant submits this Reply to Respondent's October 22, 2010 Motion to Dismiss for Insufficiency of Service of Process, in which Respondent claims that Respondent, Burnham Associates, Inc., did not sign a certified mail, return receipt "green" card acknowledging receipt of the EPA September 30, 2010 administrative Complaint, and, therefore, service under the Consolidated Rules of Practice at 40 C.F.R. Part 112 was improper and the case should be dismissed.

The New England Office of the U.S. EPA Mail Room log book shows that the Complaint sent to Burnham was sent by certified mail, return receipt requested. However, based on conversations EPA staff subsequently had with the U.S. Post Office in Salem, Massachusetts, it appears that the "green" card was no longer attached to the document by the time it reached the company. So, even though the company did in fact receive a copy of the Complaint, as evidenced by the Respondent's Answer filed simultaneously with its Motion to Dismiss, EPA does not intend to contest the fact claimed by Respondent, i.e., that it did not sign the "green" card. Nevertheless, in light of the fact that there was no harm or prejudice to Respondent, as evidenced by the fact that it received and timely answered the Complaint, Respondent's Motion to Dismiss should be denied.

In any event, EPA is resending the Complaint, together with this Reply, by United Parcel Service, a reliable commercial delivery service, to Mr. John D. Fitzpatrick, legal counsel for the company and a designee to receive service on behalf of the company as indicated on the Respondent's above-referenced Motion to Dismiss and Answer.

Respectfully submitted,

Dated: 10)>8/10

Tonia Bandrowicz

Senior Enforcement Attorney

U.S. EPA - Region I

5 Post Office Square,

Suite 100

Boston, MA 02109-3912

617-918-1734 (p)

617-918-0734 (f)

bandrowicz.toni@epa.gov

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that the foregoing EPA Reply to Respondent's Motion to Dismiss was transmitted to the following persons, in the manner specified, on the date below:

Original and one copy hand-delivered:

Wanda Santiago, Regional Hearing Clerk U.S. EPA - Region I 5 Post Office Square, Suite 100 Mail Code: Boston, MA 02109-3912

Copy by certified mail, return receipt requested:

John D. Fitzpatrick, Esq. Pingitore & Fitzpatrick, LLC 929 Massachusetts Avenue, Suite 103 Cambridge, MA 02141.

Dated: 13 27 13

Tonia Bandrowicz

Senior Enforcement Attorney

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U.S. EPA - Region I 5 Post Office Square,

Suite 100

Boston, MA 02109-3912

617-918-1734 (p)

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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION I

5 POST OFFICE SQUARE, SUITE 100 BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS 02109-3912

CERTIFIED MAIL; RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

SEP 3 0 2010

Craig C. Burnham, President Burnham Associates, Inc. 14 Franklin Street Salem, Massachusetts 1970-2504

Re:

Burnham Associates, Inc.

Docket No. MPRSA-01-2010-0078

Dear Mr. Burnham:

Enclosed is an administrative civil penalty complaint (the "Complaint") that the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") is issuing to Burnham Associates, Inc. ("Burnham"), as a result of EPA's determination, that the company violated the Marine Protection, Research and Sanctuaries Act ("MPRSA"), 33 U.S.C. §§ 1401, et seq. relating to the dredging of Hingham Harbor and dumping of the dredged material into the Massachusetts Bay Disposal Site Countermeasure ("SPCC") plans in a manner inconsistent with authorizations issued by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers ("USACE"). Specifically, the attached Complaint alleges that the company dumped dredged material at locations within the Massachusetts Bay Disposal Site ("MBDS") beyond the disposal point coordinates authorized by the USACE on a number of days from November, 2009, through February, 2010.

The attached Complaint discusses the statutory authorities for EPA's administrative civil penalty enforcement action and the nature of the alleged violations. EPA is not proposing a specific penalty, but pursuant to the MPRSA, the Complaint proposes a penalty of up to the statutory maximum of \$70,000 per violation.

Please be advised that you have the right to request a hearing regarding the violations alleged in the Complaint and the appropriate penalty. If you wish to request a hearing, you must submit, within thirty days of receiving this letter, a written request to the Regional Hearing Clerk at the address set forth in the enclosed Complaint. The written

request must be submitted with an Answer to the Complaint and must follow the requirements of the Consolidated Rules of Practice Governing the Administrative Assessment of Penalties, set forth at 40 C.F.R. Part 22, copies of which are enclosed. Failure to submit an Answer to the Complaint within thirty days may result in default, as further explained in the Complaint.

You have the right to be represented by an attorney at any stage of the proceeding, including any informal discussions with EPA. Also enclosed is EPA's Information Sheet for Small Business Resources. Finally, you should know that it is the practice of this office to inform the press upon issuing administrative complaints.

If you wish to discuss the possibility of settlement, or if you have any questions regarding this matter, please contact or have your attorney contact Tonia Bandrowicz, Senior Enforcement Counsel, of my staff at (617) 918-1734.

Sincerely,

H. Curtis Spalding

Regional Administrator

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency - Region 1

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Enclosures

1. Complaint

- 2. Consolidated Rules of Practice (40 C.F.R. Part 22)
- 3. Copy of letter to Hearing Clerk
- 4. Copy of Certificate of Service
- 5. Information Sheet for Small Business Resources

cc by LAN:

Matthew Liebman, EPA Region 1 Charles N. Farris, USACE

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCYOCT 2 8 2010

	Office of Regional Hearing Clerk
IN THE MATTER OF:	ADMINISTRATIVE COMPLAINT AND NOTICE OF OPPORTUNITY TO REQUEST A HEARING
BURNHAM ASSOCIATES, INC.) 14 Franklin Street) Salem, MA 01970,)	Proceeding to Assess Civil Penalty Under Section 105(a) of the Marine Protection, Research, and Sanctuaries Act, 33 U.S.C. § 1415(a)
Respondent.)	Docket No. MPRSA-01-2010-0078

DECTOR

I. INTRODUCTION

- 1. This Administrative Complaint is issued under the authority vested in the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") by Section 105(a) of the Marine Protection, Research, and Sanctuaries Act ("MPRSA"), 33 U.S.C. § 1415(a). "Complainant" is the Regional Administrator of EPA, Region 1.
- 2. Pursuant to Section 105(a) of the MPRSA, and in accordance with the "Consolidated Rules of Practice Governing the Administrative Assessment of Civil Penalties and the Revocation, Termination or Suspension of Permits," codified at 40 C.F.R. Part 22 ("Part 22"), Complainant hereby provides notice of its proposal to assess a civil penalty against Burnham Associates, Inc. ("Respondent") for transporting and dumping of dredged material into ocean waters in a manner inconsistent with a permit issued under Section 103 of the MPRSA, 33 U.S.C. § 1413, in violation of Section 101(a) of MPRSA, 33 U.S.C. § 1411(a). This Complaint also provides notice of Respondent's opportunity to file an Answer to this Complaint and to request a hearing on the proposal to assess a penalty.

II. STATUTORY AUTHORITY

- 3. Section 101(a) of the MPRSA, 33 U.S.C. § 1411(a), prohibits the transportation of any material for the purpose of dumping it into ocean waters, except as authorized by a permit issued pursuant to Sections 102 or 103 of the MPRSA, 33 U.S.C. §§ 1412 or 1413.
- 4. Pursuant to Section 103 of the MPRSA, 33 U.S.C. § 1413, and the regulations promulgated thereunder, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers ("USACE") may issue permits for the transportation of "dredged material," defined in Section 3(i) of the MPRSA, 33 U.S.C. § 1402(i), as "any material excavated or dredged from the navigable waters of the United States," for the purpose of dumping it into "ocean waters," defined in Section 3(b) of the MPRSA, 33 U.S.C. § 1402(b), as "those waters of the open seas lying seaward of the base line from which the territorial sea is measured," as long as the dumping will not unreasonably degrade or endanger human health, welfare, or amenities, or the marine environment, ecological systems, or economic potentialities.
- 5. Under Section 105(a) of the MPRSA, 33 U.S.C. § 1415(a), as amended by 40 C.F.R. Part 19.4 (Civil Monetary Penalty Inflation Adjustment), after January 12, 2009, any person who transports dredged material for the purpose of dumping it into ocean waters in a manner inconsistent with a permit issued under Section 103 of the MPRSA, 33 U.S.C. § 1413, shall be liable for a civil penalty of not more than \$70,000 for each violation.

III. GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

6. Respondent is a corporation incorporated under the laws of Massachusetts, with a principle place of business at 14 Franklin Street, Salem, Massachusetts, and is, therefore, a

"private person or entity." As such, Respondent is a "person" as defined under Section 3(e) of the MPRSA, 33 U.S.C. § 1402(e).

- 7. On January 23, 2009, USACE issued, by letter, an authorization, No. NAE-2007-1559, 1 under the federal Massachusetts Programmatic General Permit ("PGP"), NAE 2004-2594, effective January 20, 2005, pursuant to Section 103 of the MPRSA, 33 U.S.C. § 1413, to the Town of Hingham, Massachusetts ("Hingham") for the dredging of Hingham Harbor and disposal of "dredged materials," as defined at Section 3(i) of the MPRSA, 33 U.S.C. § 1402(i), into the Massachusetts Bay Disposal Site, which is located in "ocean waters," as defined at Section 3(b) of the MPRSA, 33 U.S.C. § 1402(b) (hereinafter referred to as the "PGP Authorization"). Specifically, Hingham was authorized to maintenance dredge approximately 25.53 acres of Hingham Harbor to a depth of seven feet below mean low water. Approximately 95,250 cubic yards of fine silt and sand was authorized to be removed by mechanical means and disposed of at the Massachusetts Bay Disposal Site.
- 8. Under the PGP Authorization, disposal operations were not to begin until the USACE issued a letter authorizing the initiation of open-water disposal at specific disposal point coordinates. In addition, Special Condition 6 of the PGP Authorization provided in relevant part:

Except when directed otherwise by the [USACE] Program Manager for site management purposes, all disposal of dredged material shall adhere to the following:

a. The permittee shall release the dredged material at a specified set of coordinates within the disposal site with the scow at a complete halt.

¹ This letter incorrectly cites the authorization as number "NAE-2008-1559." The correct number, however, is "NAE-2007-1559," as indicated on the permit application and all subsequent authorization letters for the project.

- b. When a disposal buoy is present at the specified coordinates, disposal shall occur with the side of the scow at least 100 feet and no greater than 200 feet from the buoy to minimize collisions with the buoy.
- 9. On or about November 3, 2009, and on December 8, 2009, and January 22 and 26, 2010, the USACE issued authorization letters to Hingham to initiate and/or continue dumping dredged material in accordance with the PGP Authorization and at the specific disposal point coordinates contained therein (hereinafter referred to as the "Authorization Letters").
- 10. Hingham contracted with the Respondent to conduct the dredging of Hingham Harbor in accordance with the PGP Authorization, including the transportation of dredged material for the purpose of dumping it at the Massachusetts Bay Disposal Site.
- 11. Based on reports from a human on-board inspector trained and certified by the USACE to witness the disposal of dredged material and from a Silent Inspector system (an automated dredge contract monitoring system comprised of both hardware and software developed by the USACE), on November 11, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 26, and 29, and December 1, 2, 4, 7, 9, 13, 14, 15 and 22, 2009, and January 22-23, 26, 27, 28, 30-31, and February 1, 2, 3-4, and 5, 2010, Respondent transported dredged material for the purpose of dumping it into ocean waters and dumped such dredged material at locations within the Massachusetts Bay Disposal Site beyond the disposal point coordinates authorized by the Authorization Letters (in some cases, at coordinates half a mile or more from the authorized disposal point coordinates), and/or at coordinates not within 100 to 200 feet of the disposal buoy.

IV. VIOLATIONS

- 12. The Respondent's transport of dredged material for the purpose of dumping it into ocean waters and dumping of such dredged material at locations within the Massachusetts Bay Disposal Site beyond the disposal point coordinates authorized by the Authorization Letters and/or at coordinates not within 100 to 200 feet of the disposal buoy on November 11, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 26, and 29, and December 1, 2, 4, 7, 9, 13, 14, 15, and 22, 2009, and January 22-23, 26, 27, 28, 30-31, and February 1, 2, 3-4, and 5, 2010, were not authorized by a permit issued pursuant to Section 102 or 103 of the MPRSA, 33 U.S.C. §§ 1412 or 1413.
- 13. are separate violations of the PGP Authorization and the Authorization Letters, and, as a result, are separate violations of Section 101(a) of the MPRSA, 33 U.S.C. § 1411(a), and, therefore, are subject to penalties under § 105(a) of the MPRSA, 33 U.S.C. § 1415(a).

V. PROPOSED PENALTY

14. Based on the forgoing Findings of Violation and pursuant to the authority of Section 105(a) of MPRSA, 33 U.S.C. § 1415(a), the Complainant proposes that a Final Order assessing administrative penalties be issued against Respondent in an amount which takes into account the gravity of the violation, prior violations, and the demonstrated good faith of the Respondent in attempting to achieve rapid compliance after notification of a violation, and is not in excess of the statutory maximum for such violations which is \$70,000 per violation. For the purpose of imposing administrative penalties against Respondent, each separate transport and dumping of dredged material constitutes a separate violation.

15. Respondent's violations of the MPRSA alleged above represent significant violations of the Act because failure to fully comply with the PGP Authorization may unreasonably degrade or endanger human health, welfare, or amenities, or the marine environment, ecological systems, or economic potentialities, or undermine the integrity of the MPRSA regulatory structure.

VI. OPPORTUNITY TO REQUEST HEARING

- 15. Respondent may, pursuant to Section 105(a) of the Act, and 40 C.F.R. § 22.15(c), request a hearing on the proposal to assess a penalty in its Answer to this Complaint. Even if Respondent does not explicitly request a hearing in its Answer, the Presiding Officer may hold such a hearing if the Answer raises issues appropriate for adjudication. The procedures for any such hearing and for all proceedings in this action are set out in 40 C.F.R. Part 22, a copy of which is enclosed with this Complaint.
- 16. Default constitutes an admission of all facts alleged in this Complaint and a waiver of the right to a hearing on such factual allegations. In order to avoid default in this matter, within 30 days after receipt of this Complaint, Respondent must either: (1) settle this matter with the Complainant; or (2) file both an original and one copy of a written Answer to this Complaint to:

Wanda Santiago
Regional Hearing Clerk
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency-Region 1
5 Post Office Square, Suite 100
Mail Code: ORA18-1
Boston, MA 02109-3912

Respondent is also required to provide a contemporaneous copy of any Answer to Complainant's

counsel, who is authorized to receive service on behalf of EPA pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 22.5(c)(4), at the following address:

Tonia Bandrowicz, Senior Enforcement Counsel
Office of Environmental Stewardship (SEL)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency – Region 1
5 Post Office Square, Suite 100
Mail Code: OES04-3
Boston, MA 02109-3912

- 17. Pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 22.15, the Answer shall clearly and directly admit, deny, or explain each of the factual allegations contained in this Complaint with regard to which Respondent has knowledge. If the Answer asserts no knowledge of a particular factual allegation, the allegation shall be deemed denied. Otherwise, the failure to admit, deny, or explain any material factual allegation contained in this Complaint constitutes an admission of the allegation. The Answer shall also state the circumstances or arguments for any defense Respondent wishes to assert, challenges to any factual allegation in the Complaint, and any basis Respondent may have to oppose the assessment of a penalty.
- 18. Following receipt of the Answer, a Presiding Officer will be assigned. The Presiding Officer will notify the parties of his or her assignment, and shall notify the parties of the time and place of further proceedings in the case.

VII. SETTLEMENT

19. You may request an informal conference with Complainant's attorney, Tonia Bandrowicz, concerning the alleged violations and the amount of the penalty. A request for an informal conference does not extend any deadline in this proceeding, including the deadline by which you must submit an Answer to this Complaint.

Burnham Associates, Inc. Docket No. MPRSA-01-2010-0078

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that the foregoing Compliant was transmitted to the following persons, in the manner specified, on the date below:

Original and one copy hand-delivered:

Wanda Santiago, Regional Hearing Clerk U.S. EPA - Region I 5 Post Office Square, Suite 100 Mail Code: Boston, MA 02109-3912

Copy by certified mail, return receipt requested:

Craig C. Burnham, President Burnham Associates, Inc. 14 Franklin Street Salem, Massachusetts 01970-2504

Dated: 9 30 10

Tonia Bandrowicz

U.S. EPA - Region I

One Congress Street, Suite 1100 (SEL)

Boston, MA 02114-2023 Phone: (617) 918-1734

Fax: (617) 918-0734

Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance INFORMATION SHEET

U. S. EPA Small Business Resources

f you own a small business, the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) offers a variety of compliance assistance resources such as workshops, training sessions, hotlines, websites, and guides to assist you in complying with federal and state environmental laws. These resources can help you understand your environmental obligations, improve compliance, and find cost-effective ways to comply through the use of pollution prevention and other innovative technologies.

Compliance Assistance Centers

(www.assistancecenters.net)

In partnership with industry, universities, and other federal and state agencies, EPA has established Compliance Assistance Centers that provide information targeted to industries with many small businesses.

Agriculture

(www.epa.gov/agriculture or 1-888-663-2155) ·

Automotive Recycling Industry (www.ecarcenter.org)

Automotive Service and Repair (www.ccar-greenlink.org or 1-888-GRN-LINK)

Chemical Industry (www.chemalliance.org)

Construction Industry (www.cicacenter.org or 1-734-995-4911)

Education (www.campuserc.org)

Healthcare Industry (www.hercenter.org or 1-734-995-4911)

Metal Finishing (www.nmfrc.org or 1-734-995-4911)

Paints and Coatings (www.paintcenter.org or 1-734-995-4911)

Printed Wiring Board Manufacturing (www.pwbrc.org or 1-734-995-4911)

Printing (www.pneac.org or 1-888-USPNEAC) Transportation Industry (www.transource.org)

Tribal Governments and Indian Country (www.epa.gov/tribal/compliance or 202–564-2516)

US Border Environmental Issues (www.bordercenter.org or 1-734-995-4911)

The Centers also provide State Resource Locators (www.envcap.org/statetools/index.cfm) for a wide range of topics to help you find important environmental compliance information specific to your state.

EPA Websites

EPA has several Internet sites that provide useful compliance assistance information and materials for small businesses. If you don't have access to the Internet at your business, many public libraries provide access to the Internet at minimal or no cost.

EPA's Home Page www.epa.gov

Small Business Gateway www.epa.gov/smallbusiness

Compliance Assistance Home Page www.epa.gov/compliance/assistance

Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance www.epa.gov/compliance

Voluntary Partnership Programs www.epa.gov/partners

Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance: http://www.epa.gov/compliance

NOTICE OF SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION REGISTRANTS' DUTY TO DISCLOSE ENVIRONMENTAL LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Securities and Exchange Commission regulations require companies registered with the SEC (e.g., publicly traded companies) to disclose, on at least a quarterly basis, the existence of certain administrative or judicial proceedings taken against them arising under Federal, State or local provisions that have the primary purpose of protecting the environment. Instruction 5 to Item 103 of the SEC's Regulation S-K (17 CFR 229.103) requires disclosure of these environmental legal proceedings. For those SEC registrants that use the SEC's "small business issuer" reporting system, Instructions 1-4 to Item 103 of the SEC's Regulation S-B (17 CFR 228.103) requires disclosure of these environmental legal proceedings.

If you are an SEC registrant, you have a duty to disclose the existence of pending or known to be contemplated environmental legal proceedings that meet any of the following criteria (17 CFR 229.103(5)(A)-(C)):

- A. Such proceeding is material to the business or financial condition of the registrant;
- B. Such proceeding involves primarily a claim for damages, or involves potential monetary sanctions, capital expenditures, deferred charges or charges to income and the amount involved, exclusive of interest and costs, exceeds 10 percent of the current assets of the registrant and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis; or
- C. A governmental authority is a party to such proceeding and such proceeding involves potential monetary sanctions, unless the registrant reasonably believes that such proceeding will result in no monetary sanctions, or in monetary sanctions, exclusive of interest and costs, of less than \$100,000; provided, however, that such proceedings which are similar in nature may be grouped and described generically.

Specific information regarding the environmental legal proceedings that must be disclosed is set forth in Item 103 of Regulation S-K or, for registrants using the "small business issuer" reporting system, Item 103(a)-(b) of Regulation S-B. If disclosure is required, it must briefly describe the proceeding, "including the name of the court or agency in which the proceedings are pending, the date instituted, the principal parties thereto, a description of the factual basis alleged to underlie the proceedings and the relief sought."

You have been identified as a party to an environmental legal proceeding to which the United States government is, or was, a party. If you are an SEC registrant, this environmental legal proceeding may trigger, or may already have triggered, the disclosure obligation under the SEC regulations described above.

This notice is being provided to inform you of SEC registrants' duty to disclose any relevant environmental legal proceedings to the SEC. This notice does not create, modify or interpret any existing legal obligations, it is not intended to be an exhaustive description of the legally applicable requirements and it is not a substitute for regulations published in the Code of Federal Regulations. This notice has been issued to you for information purposes only. No determination of the applicability of this reporting requirement to your company has been made by any governmental entity. You should seek competent counsel in determining the applicability of these and other SEC requirements to the environmental legal proceeding at issue, as well as any other proceedings known to be contemplated by governmental authorities.

If you have any questions about the SEC's environmental disclosure requirements, please contact the SEC Office of the Special Senior Counsel for Disclosure Operations at (202) 942-1888.

(h) The Regional Administrator may include in any statement a date of expiration, after which date the approval by the Regional Administrator contained in the statement shall no longer apply. The date of expiration shall not become effective if the applicant has submitted the statement to the SBA, prior to the date of expiration, as part of the application for financial assistance.

§21.11 Public participation.

(a) Applications shall not generally be subject to public notice, public comment, or public hearings. Applications during the period of review as stated in §21.5, or during the period of appeal as provided in §21.8, shall be available for public inspection. Approved applications as provided in §21.10(d) shall be available for public inspection at all times during the five year period.

(b) The Regional Administrator, if he believes that the addition, alteration, or method of operation may adversely and significantly affect an interest of the public, shall provide for a public notice and/or public hearing on the application. The public notice and/or public hearing shall be conducted in accordance with the procedures specified for a permit under 40 CFR 125.32 and 125.34(b).

in any proceeding under the Act. carrying out the Act or when relevant of the United. States concerned with ployees, or authorized representatives may be disclosed to other officers, emcompliance with the procedures speci-fied in 40 CFR part 2. Such information lease it to any unauthorized person. Provided, however, That if access to such information is subsequently requested by any person, there will be of the United States Code and not retreat the information or the particular part as confidential in accordance with crets, the Regional Administrator shall esses entitled to protection as trade seof certain information or parts thereof as provided in §21.8(c)(6) would result the purposes of section 1905 of Title 18 in the divulging of methods or proc-Regional Administrator that disclosure demonstrate to the satisfaction of the (c) Where the applicant is able to

§21.12 State issued statements.

(a) Any State after the effective date of these regulations may submit to the Regional Administrator for his approval an application to conduct a program for issuing statements under this section.

(1) A State submission shall specify the organizational, legal, financial, and administrative resources and procedures that it believes will enable it to conduct the program.

(2) The State program shall constitute an equivalent effort to that required of EPA under this section.

(3) The State organization responsible for conducting the program should be the State water pollution control agency, as defined in section 502 of the Act.

(4) The State submission shall propose a procedure for adjudicating applicant appeals as provided under §21.9.

(5) The State submission shall identify any existing or potential conflicts of interest on the part of any personnel who will or may review or approve applications.

(i) A conflict of interest shall exist where the reviewing official is the spouse of or dependent (as defined in the Tax Code, 26 U.S.C. 162) of an owner, partner, or principal officer of the small business, or where he has or is receiving from the small business concern applicant 10 percent of gross personal income for a calendar year, except that it shall mean 50 percent gross personal income for a calendar year year if the recipient is over 60 years of age and is receiving such portion pursuant to retirement, pension, or similar arrangements.

(ii) If the State is unable to provide alternative parties to review or approve any application subject to conflict of interest, the Regional Administrator shall review and approve the application.

(b) The Regional Administrator, within 60 days after such application, shall approve any State program that conforms to the requirements of this section. Any such approval shall be after sufficient notice has been provided to the Regional Director of SBA.

Environmental Protection Agency

(c) If the Regional Administrator disapproves the application, he shall notify the State, in writing, of any deficiency in its application. A State may resubmit an amended application at any later time.

(d) Upon approval of a State submission, EPA will suspend all review of applications and issuance of statements for small businesses in that State, pending transferral. Provided, however, That in the event of a State conflict of interest as identified in §21.12(a)(4) of this section, EPA shall review the application and issue the statement.

(e) Any applications shall, if received by an EPA Regional Office, be forwarded promptly to the appropriate State for action pursuant to section 7(g)(2) of the Small Business Act and these regulations.

(f)(1) EPA will generally not review or approve individual statements issued by a State. However, SBA, upon receipt and review of a State approved statement may request the Regional Administrator of EPA to review the statement. The Regional Administrator, upon such request can further approve or disapprove the State issued statement, in accordance with the requirements of §21.5.

(2) The Regional Administrator will periodically review State program performance. In the event of State program deficiencies the Regional Administrator will notify the State of such deficiencies.

(3) During that period that any State's program is classified as deficient, statements issued by a State shall also be sent to the Regional Administrator for review. The Regional Administrator shall notify the State, the applicant, and the SBA of any determination subsequently made, in accordance with §21.5, on any such statement.

(1) If within 60 days after notice of such deficiencies has been provided, the State has not taken corrective efforts, and if the deficiencies significantly affect the conduct of the program, the Regional Administrator, after sufficient notice has been provided to the Regional Director of SBA, shall withdraw the approval of the State program.

(ii) Any State whose program is withdrawn and whose deficiencies have been
corrected may later reapply as provided in \$21.12(a).

(g) Funds appropriated under section
106 of the Act may be utilized by a

State agency authorized to receive

such funds in conducting this program.
§21.13 Effect of certification upon authority to enforce applicable standards.

priate enforcement action against the owner or operator of such facilities for a State of its authority to take approno way constitutes a waiver by EPA or violations of an applicable standard. wastes which are the same as described erly, or will be applied to process accordance with the plans and speci-fications submitted in the application, stitutes a determination by EPA or the State that the facilities certified (a) in the application. The certification in will be operated and maintained propspecified by an applicable standard will be constructed within the time (b) will be constructed and installed in for SBA Loan purposes in no way con-The certification by EPA or a State 10

ART 22—CONSOLIDATED RULES OF PRACTICE GOVERNING THE ADMINISTRATIVE ASSESSMENT OF CIVIL PENALTIES AND THE REVOCATION/TERMINATION OR SUSPENSION OF PERMITS

Subpart A-General

Sec.

2.1 Scope of this part.

22.2 Use of number and gender.

22.3 Definitions.

22.4 Powers and duties of the Environmental Appeals Board, Regional Judicial Officer and Presiding Officer; disqualification, withdrawal, and reassignment.

22.5 Filing, service, and form of all filed documents; business confidentiality claims.

22.6 Filing and service of rulings, orders and decisions.

Computation and extension of time.
 Ex parte discussion of proceeding.
 Examination of documents filed.

Subpart B—Parties and Appearances

2.10 Appearances.

22.11 Intervention and non-party briefs.
22.12 Consolidation and severance.

Subpart C—Prehearing Procedures

Complaint. Commencement of a proceeding.

Answer to the complaint

Default. Motions.

native dispute resolution. Quick resolution; settlement; alter-

22.19 Prehearing information exchange; prehearing conference; other discovery.

Accelerated decision; decision to dis-

Subpart D—Hearing Procedures

22.21 Assignment of Presiding Officer; scheduling the hearing. Evidence.

22.23 Objections and offers of proof.
22.24 Burden of presentation; burden of persuasion; preponderance of the evidence standard.

22.25 Filing the transcript.
22.26 Proposed findings, conclusions,

and

Subpart E-Initial Decision and Motion to Reopen a Hearing

Motion to reopen a hearing Initial decision.

2.29 Appeal from or review of interlocutory

Subpart F—Appeals and Administrative

orders or rulings. Appeal from or review of initial deci

Subpart G-Final Order

2.31 Final order

Motion to reconsider a final order

Subpart H—Supplemental Rules

1.33 [Reserved]
1.34 Supplemental rules governing the administrative assessment of civil penalties under the Clean Air Act.

35 Supplemental rules governing the administrative assessment of civil penalties under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act.

36 [Reserved]
37 Supplemental rules governing administrative proceedings under the Solid

38 Supplemental rules of practice governing the administrative assessment of civil penalties under the Clean Water

39 Supplemental rules governing the administrative assessment of civil penalties under section 109 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response,

Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 [Reserved]

stance Control Act, enacted as section 2 of the Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act (AHERA). ministrative assessment of civil penalties under Title II of the Toxic Sub-Supplemental rules governing the ad-

22.42 Supplemental rules governing the ad-Drinking Water Act. water systems under part B of the alties for violations of compliance orders issued to owners or operators of public ministrative assessment of civil pen-

Safe Drinking Water Act. ministrative assessment of civil penalties against a federal agency under the Supplemental rules governing the ad-

22.44 Supplemental rules of practice governing the termination of permits under section 402(a) of the Clean Water Act or Conservation and Recovery Act. under section 3008(a)(3) of the Resource

22.46-22.49 [Reserved] 22.45 Supplemental rules governing public notice and comment in proceedings 1423(c) of the Safe Drinking Water Act. under sections 309(g) and 311(b)(6)(B)(H) of the Clean Water Act and section

Subpart I—Administrative Proceedings Not Governed by Section 554 of the Administrative Procedure Act

22.50 22.51 Scope of this subpart. Presiding Officer.

Information exchange and discovery.

AUTHORITY: 7 U.S.C. 136(1); 15 U.S.C. 2615; 33 U.S.C. 1319, 1342, 1361, 1415 and 1418; 42 U.S.C. 300g-3(g), 6912, 6925, 6926, 6991e and 6992d; 42 U.S.C. 7413(d), 7524(o), 7545(d), 7547, 7601 and 7607(a), 9609, and 11045.

otherwise noted. Source: 64 FR 40176, July 23, 1999, unless

Subpart A—Genera

§ 22.1 Scope of this part.

dicatory proceedings for: tice govern all administrative adju-(a) These Consolidated Rules of Prac-

trative civil penalty under section 14(a) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended (7 U.S.C. 136l(a)); (1) The assessment of any adminis-

trative civil penalty under sections 113(d), 205(c), 211(d) and 213(d) of the Clean Air Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 7413(d), 7524(c), 7545(d) and 7547(d)); (2) The assessment of any adminis-

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6991e, and 6992d)), except as provided in amended (42 U.S.C. 6925(d), 6925(e), 6928, under sections 3008, 9006, and 11005 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act, as operate pursuant to section 3005(e), or the assessment of any civil penalty pension or revocation of authority to pursuant to section 3008(a)(3), the sustion order, the termination of a permit order or the issuance of a corrective acas amended (33 U.S.C. 1415(a) and (f)); section 105(a) and (f) of the Marine Protion or suspension of any permit under trative civil penalty or for the revocatection, Research, and Sanctuaries Act (4) The issuance of a compliance (3) The assessment of any adminis-

Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2615(a) and 2647); trative civil penalty under sections 16(a) and 207 of the Toxic Substances part 24 of this chapter; (5) The assessment of any adminis-

1319(g), 1321(b)(6), and 1342(a)); issued pursuant to section 402(a) of the Clean Water Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 311(b)(6), or termination of any permit penalty (6) The assessment of any Class II under sections 309(g) and

of the Emergency Planning and Com-munity Right-To-Know Act of 1986 Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, as amended (42 U.S.C. 9609); trative civil penalty under section 325 of the Comprehensive Environmental trative civil penalty under section 109 (8) The assessment of any adminis-(7) The assessment of any adminis-

penalty under section 1423(c); sessment of an administrative civil requiring both compliance and the as-300j-6(b)), or the issuance of any order Safe Drinking Water Act as amended trative civil penalty under sections 1414(g)(3)(B), 1423(c), and 1447(b) of the (42 U.S.C. 300g-3(g)(3)(B), 300h-2(c), and ("EPCRA") (42 U.S.C. 11045); (9) The assessment of any adminis-

and Rechargeable Battery Management Section 5 of the Mercury-Containing trative civil penalty or the issuance of Act (42 U.S.C. 14304). any order requiring compliance under (10) The assessment of any adminis-

tion where the Act allows or requires procedures different from the procein subparts H and I of this part estabidentified in paragraph (a) of this seclish special procedures for proceedings (b) The supplemental rules set forth

> subparts H or I of this part shall apply. dures in subparts A through G of this part and subpart H or I of this part, tween subparts A through G of this part. Where inconsistencies exist be-

peals Board, Regional Administrator, or Presiding Officer, as provided for in these Consolidated Rules of Practice. the Administrator, Environmental Apshall be resolved at the discretion of the proceeding which are not addressed in these Consolidated Rules of Practice (c) Questions arising at any stage of

FR 30904, May 15, 2000] [64 FR 40176, July 23, 1999, as amended at 65

§22.2 Use of number and gender.

masculine gender also include of Practice, words in the singular also may require feminine, and vice versa, as the case include the plural and words in As used in these Consolidated Rules

§ 22.3 Definitions.

these Consolidated Rules of Practice: (a) The following definitions apply to

thorizing the proceeding at issue. Act means the particular statute au-

under 5 U.S.C. 3105. Administrative Law Judge means an Administrative Law Judge appointed

Administrator means the Administrator of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency or his delegate.

vironmental Protection Agency. Agency means the United States En-

confidentiality claim as defined in 40 CFR 2.201(h). Business confidentiality claim means

the Environmental Appeals Board, Mail Code 1108B, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460. Clerk of the Board means the Clerk of

person who timely: than a party) or representative of such Commenter means any person (other

tends to participate in the proceeding; 311(b)(6)(C) of the Clean Water Act or section 1423(c) of the Safe Drinking Water Act, whichever applies, and inviding or intends to provide comments on the proposed assessment of a penalty pursuant to sections 309(g)(4) and gional Hearing Clerk that he is pro-(1) Submits in writing to the Re-

(2) Provides the Regional Hearing Clerk with a return address.

Complainant means any person authorized to issue a complaint in accordance with §§ 22.13 and 22.14 on behalf of the Agency to persons alleged to be in violation of the Act. The complainant shall not be a member of the Environmental Appeals Board, the Regional Judicial Officer or any other person who will participate or advise in the adjudication.

Consolidated Rules of Practice means the regulations in this part.

Environmental Appeals Board means he Board within the Agency described n 40 CFR 1.25.

Final order means:

(1) An order issued by the Environnental Appeals Board or the Adminisrator after an appeal of an initial deciion, accelerated decision, decision to ismiss, or default order, disposing of he matter in controversy between the arties;

(2) An initial decision which becomes final order under \$22.27(c); or

(3) A final order issued in accordance ith §22.18.

Hearing means an evidentiary hearg on the record, open to the public
o the extent consistent with
12.22(a)(2)), conducted as part of a proeding under these Consolidated Rules
Practice.

Hearing Clerk means the Hearing erk, Mail Code 1900, U.S. Environental Protection Agency, 1200 Penn-Ivania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 460.

Initial decision means the decision ued by the Presiding Officer pursut to §\$22.17(c), 22.20(b) or 22.27 resolvable all outstanding issues in the prosiding.

Party means any person that particities in a proceeding as complainant, pondent, or intervenor.

Permit action means the revocation, pension or termination of all or part a permit issued under section 102 of Marine Protection, Research, and actuaries Act (38 U.S.C. 1412) or teration under section 402(a) of the an Water Act (38 U.S.C. 1342(a)) or tion 3005(d) of the Solid Waste Disal Act (42 U.S.C. 6925(d)).

Person includes any individual, partnership, association, corporation, and
any trustee, assignee, receiver or legal
successor thereof; any organized group
of persons whether incorporated or not;
and any officer, employee, agent, department, agency or instrumentality of
the Federal Government, of any State
or local unit of government, or of any
foreign government.

Presiding Officer means an individual who presides in an administrative adjudication until an initial decision becomes final or is appealed. The Presiding Officer shall be an Administrative Law Judge, except where § 22.4(b), 22.16(c) or 22.51 allow a Regional Judicial Officer to serve as Presiding Officer.

Proceeding means the entirety of a single administrative adjudication, from the filing of the complaint through the issuance of a final order, including any action on a motion to reconsider under §22.32.

Regional Administrator means, for a case initiated in an EPA Regional Office, the Regional Administrator for that Region or any officer or employee thereof to whom his authority is duly delegated.

Regional Hearing Clerk means an individual duly authorized to serve as hearing clerk for a given region, who shall be neutral in every proceeding. Correspondence with the Regional Hearing Clerk shall be addressed to the Regional Hearing Clerk at the address specified in the complaint. For a case initiated at EPA Headquarters, the term Regional Hearing Clerk means the Hearing Clerk.

Regional Judicial Officer means a person designated by the Regional Administrator under \$22.4(b).

Respondent means any person against whom the complaint states a claim for relief.

(b) Terms defined in the Act and not defined in these Consolidated Rules of Practice are used consistent with the meanings given in the Act.

[64 FR 40176, July 23, 1999, as amended at 65 FR 30904, May 15, 2000]

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§22.4 Powers and duties of the Environmental Appeals Board, Regional Judicial Officer and Presiding Officer; disqualification, withdrawal, and reassignment.

to the Administrator. ronmental Appeals Board has referred ant to paragraph (d) of this section, or such consultation does not violate §22.8. Motions directed to the Adminismotions filed in matters that the Envifor motions for disqualification pursutrator shall not be considered except ployee concerning the matter, provided trator may consult with any EPA emmental Appeals Board, the Administo the Administrator by the Environistrator. If a case or motion is referred interpreted as referring to the Adminvironmental Appeals Board in these Consolidated Rules of Practice shall be be so notified and references to the Enmental Appeals Board, all parties shall to the Administrator by the Environ-When an appeal or motion is referred tion, deems it appropriate to do so. mental Appeals Board, in its discrethe Administrator when the Environ-Board may refer any case or motion to quarters. The Environmental Appeals Practice commenced at EPA Headunder these Consolidated Rules approves settlement of proceedings commenced at EPA Headquarters; and files an answer in proceedings under these Consolidated Rules of Practice Officer in proceedings under these Consolidated Rules of Practice; acts as sions, rulings and orders of a Presiding Presiding Officer until the respondent rules on appeals from the initial deci-Environmental Appeals Board. (1) Environmental Appeals Board

(2) In exercising its duties and responsibilities under these Consolidated Rules of Practice, the Environmental Appeals Board may do all acts and take all measures as are necessary for the efficient, fair and impartial adjudication of issues arising in a proceeding, including imposing procedural sanctions against a party who without adequate justification fails or refuses to comply with these Consolidated Rules of Practice or with an order of the Environmental Appeals Board. Such sanctions may include drawing adverse inferences against a party, striking a party's pleadings or other submissions

from the record, and denying any or all relief sought by the party in the proceeding.

vised by any person who supervises the prosecution of enforcement cases, but may be supervised by the Regional Judicial Officer shall not prosecute encommencement of the case. A Regional gional Judicial Officer performed any connection with any case in which he serves as a Regional Judicial Officer, A Regional Judicial Officer shall not forcement cases and shall not be supertion within the 2 years preceding the functions of prosecution or investigaing any party concerning whom the Reecutorial or investigative functions in Officer shall not have performed prosand who may perform other duties within the Agency. A Regional Judicial a permanent or temporary employee of cial Officer shall be an attorney who is gional Administrator. A Regional Judiring any motion or case to the Reknowingly preside over a case involvthe Agency or another Federal agency Regional Judicial Officer from refer-These delegations will not prevent a the authority to approve settlement of one or more Regional Judicial Officers proceedings pursuant to \$22.18(b)(3). Administrator may also delegate to this part does not apply. The Regional Rules of Practice to which subpart I of proceedings under these Consolidated until the respondent files an answer in part, and to act as Presiding Officer proceedings under subpart I of this authority to act as Presiding Officer in one or more Regional Judicial Officers gional Administrator shall delegate to (b) Regional Judicial Officer. Each Re-

(c) Presiding Officer. The Presiding Officer shall conduct a fair and impartial proceeding, assure that the facts are fully elicited, adjudicate all issues, and avoid delay. The Presiding Officer may:

(1) Conduct administrative hearings under these Consolidated Rules of Practice;

(2) Rule upon motions, requests, and offers of proof, and issue all necessary orders:

(3) Administer oaths and affirmations and take affidavits;

(4) Examine witnesses and receive documentary or other evidence;

draw adverse inferences against that of without good cause being shown, dence, and failing the production theredocuments, or other non-privileged evi-(5) Order a party, or an officer or agent thereof, to produce testimony,

(6) Admit or exclude evidence;(7) Hear and decide questions of facts.

plification of the issues, or the expediferences for the settlement or simaw, or discretion; (8) Require parties to attend con-

Act; and (9) Issue subpoenas authorized by the

tion of the proceedings;

these Consolidated Rules of Practice. and impartial adjudication of issues nance of order and for the efficient, fair measures necessary for (10) Do all other acts and take al in proceedings governed by the mainte-

any time withdraw from the Administrative Law Judge may at Board, the Regional Judicial Officer, or member of the Environmental Appeals trator, the Regional Administrator, a ceeding in which he deems himself distion for disqualification. The Adminislocutory appeal of the ruling on a moparty may appeal that ruling to the Administrator. There shall be no intervironmental Appeals Board is denied, a tion to disqualify a member of the Ena party may appeal that ruling to the Environmental Appeals Board, If a moministrator, Regional Judicial Officer or Administrative Law Judge is denied, motion to disqualify the Regional Adherself from the proceeding. If such a Board, the Regional Judicial Officer or the Administrative Law Judge request ship with a party or with the subject matter which would make it inapprothat he or she disqualify himself or member of the Environmental Appeals at any time by motion to the Adminis-trator, Regional Administrator, a priate for them to act. Any party may nancial interest or have any relationing any matter in which they have a fi-Consolidated Rules of Practice regardperform functions provided for in these Administrative Law Judge may not the Regional Judicial Officer, or the of the Environmental Appeals Board Regional Administrator, the members assignment. (1) The Administrator, the (d) Disqualification, withdrawal and reany

qualified or unable to act for any rea-

shall assign a new Administrative Law Judge if the original Administrative Law Judge withdraws or is disqualified. The Chief Administrative Law Judge Officer withdraws or is disqualified. Officer if the original Regional Judicial shall assign a new Regional Judicial another Region to replace the Administrator. The Regional Administrator assign a Regional Administrator from be disqualified, the Administrator shall If that Regional Administrator would nated shall replace the Administrator from the Region where the case origiqualified, the Regional Administrator the Administrator withdraw or be diswithdraws or is disqualified. Should for a Regional Administrator who ministrator shall assign a replacement be assigned as a replacement. The Adin paragraph (d)(1) of this section shall who has none of the infirmities listed Judge is disqualified or withdraws from Officer, or the Administrative Law the proceeding, a qualified individual Administrator, the Regional Judicial (2) If the Administrator, the Regional

result in efficiency in the scheduling of hearings and would not prejudice the Law Judge or where reassignment will unavailability of the Administrative originally assigned in the event of the trative Law Judge other than the one may reassign the case to an Adminis-Judge, at any stage in the proceeding, (3) The Chief Administrative Law

§22.5 Filing, service, and form of all filed documents; business confidentiality claims.

A document is filed when it is received by the appropriate Clerk. The Pre-siding Officer or the Environmental to any appropriate conditions and limifacsimile or electronic filing, subject Appeals Board may by order authorize siding Officer, or filed with the Clerk of when the proceeding is before the Prefore the Environmental Appeals Board. the Board when the proceeding is befiled with the Regional Hearing Clerk nal and one copy of each document in-tended to be part of the record shall be (a) Filing of documents. (1) The origi-

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gional Hearing Clerk. of the correspondence with the Refiled with the Regional Hearing Clerk. Parties who correspond directly with (2) When the Presiding Officer corresponds directly with the parties, the original of the correspondence shall be the Presiding Officer shall file a copy

company each document filed or served (3) A certificate of service shall ac-

each document filed in the proceeding shall be served on the Presiding Officer and on each party. or the Environmental Appeals Board in the proceeding.
(b) Service of documents. A copy of

of delivery. ice that provides written verification any reliable commercial delivery servwith return receipt requested, or by dated Rules of Practice, Service shall be made personally, by certified mail together with a copy of these Consoliant shall serve on respondent, or a repthe signed original of the complaint, ice on respondent's behalf, a copy of resentative authorized to receive serv-(1) Service of complaint. (1) Complain-

law to receive service of process. agent, or any other person authorized officer, partner, a managing or general ship, or an unincorporated association by appointment or by Federal or State mon name, complainant shall serve an which is subject to suit under a comtic or foreign corporation, a partner-(ii)(A) Where respondent is a domes-

(b)(1)(ii)(A) of this section. served as prescribed in paragraph a corporation, the complaint shall be of the geographical unit where the alsponsibility for the overall operations the senior executive official having realso provide a copy of the complaint to agency's regulations, or in the absence of controlling regulation, as otherwise permitted by law. Complainant should leged violations arose. If the agency is serve that agency as provided by that (B) Where respondent is an agency of the United States complainant shall

complainant shall serve such officer spondent is a State or local officer, otherwise permitted by law. Where rechief executive officer thereof, or mentality, complainant shall serve the partment, corporation or other instrulocal unit of government, agency, de-(C) Where respondent is a State or

> pletion of service. Hearing Clerk immediately upon comerly executed receipt. Such proof of service shall be filed with the Regional making personal service, or by propshall be made by affidavit of the person (iii) Proof of service of the complaint

ice. The Presiding Officer or the Envi-ronmental Appeals Board may by order tions and limitations. authorize facsimile or electronic servnight Express and Priority Mail), or by mail, return receipt requested, Overthe complaint, rulings, orders, and decisions shall be served personally, by any reliable commercial delivery servsions. All filed documents other than ce, subject to any appropriate condifirst class mail (including certified the complaint, rulings, orders, and deci-(2) Service of filed documents other than

cific requirements as to the form mental Appeals Board there are no spethe Presiding Officer or of the Environprovided in this section, or by order of documents. (c) Form of documents. (1) Except as

of authorities with page references. length (excluding attachments) shall contain a table of contents and a table number. All legal briefs and legal memoranda greater than 20 pages in fying the respondent and the docket ment shall contain a caption identi-(2) The first page of every filed docu-

it is not interposed for delay. ments made therein are true, and that edge, information and belief, the stateument, that to the best of his knowlby the signer that he has read the docsignature constitutes a representation signed by the party filing or by its attorney or other representative. ment (other than exhibits) shall be (3) The original of any filed docu-

such information and any changes proceeding. If a party falls to furnish siding Officer and all parties to the thereto, Clerk, and serve copies on the Premation with the Regional promptly file any changes in this inforauthorized to receive service relating and telephone number of an individual person shall contain the name, address, (4) The first document filed by any service to proceeding. Parties the party's Hearing

nown address shall satisfy the reuirements of paragraph (b)(2) of this ection and §22.6.

(b) The Environmental Appeals Board r the Presiding Officer may exclude om the record any document which es not comply with this section. In the reasons therefor, shall be romptly given to the person submitting the document. Such person may mend and resubmit any excluded document upon motion granted by the Enronmental Appeals Board or the Preding Officer, as appropriate.

(d) Confidentiality of business informam. (1) A person who wishes to assert business confidentiality claim with gard to any information contained in y document to be filed in a proeding under these Consolidated Rules Practice shall assert such a claim in cordance with 40 CFR part 2 at the me that the document is filed. A docnent filed without a claim of business infidentiality shall be available to e public for inspection and copying. (2) Two versions of any document

(2) Two versions of any document tich contains information claimed nfidential shall be filed with the Remail Hearing Clerk:

1) One version of the document shall ntain the information claimed conential. The cover page shall include information required under paraph (c)(2) of this section and the rds "Business Confidentiality Asted". The specific portion(s) alleged be confidential shall be clearly idended within the document.

ii) A second-version of the document all contain all information except specific information claimed connital, which shall be redacted and laced with notes indicating the nate of the information redacted. The er page shall state that information imed confidential has been deleted that a complete copy of the docunt containing the information imed confidential has been filed the Regional Hearing Clerk.

Both versions of the document lbe served on the Presiding Officer

fidential by the person making the claim of confidentiality. Only the redacted version shall be served on persons not authorized to receive the confidential information.

(4) Only the second, redacted version shall be treated as public information. An EPA officer or employee may disclose information claimed confidential in accordance with paragraph (d)(1) of this section only as authorized under 40 CFR part 2.

§22.6 Filing and service of rulings, orders and decisions.

cial delivery service, upon all parties by the Clerk of the Environmental Aptive Law Judges or the Regional Hearing Clerk, as appropriate. peals Board, the Office of Administraor return receipt requested, Overnight Express and Priority Mail), by EPA's class mail (including by certified mail shall be served personally, by first Board shall be filed with the Clerk of the Board. Copies of such rulings, orinternal mail, or any reliable commer-Hearing Clerk. All such documents issued by the Environmental Appeals cer shall be filed with the Regional gional Administrator or Presiding Offiother documents issued by the All rulings, orders, decisions, decisions or other documents Re-

§22.7 Computation and extension of time.

(a) Computation. In computing any period of time prescribed or allowed in these Consolidated Rules of Practice, except as otherwise provided, the day of the event from which the designated period begins to run shall not be included. Saturdays, Sundays, and Federal holidays shall be included. When a stated time expires on a Saturday, Sunday or Federal holiday, the stated time period shall be extended to include the next business day.

(b) Extensions of time. The Environmental Appeals Board or the Presiding Officer may grant an extension of time for filing any document: upon timely motion of a party to the proceeding, for good cause shown, and after consideration of prejudice to other parties; or upon its own initiative. Any motion for an extension of time shall be filed sufficiently in advance of the due date so

y, non-party participant, or repntative thereof, authorized to ree the information claimed con-

document shall be served on any

the complainant. Both versions of

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as to allow other parties reasonable opportunity to respond and to allow the Presiding Officer or Environmental Appeals Board reasonable opportunity to issue an order.

co) Service by mail or commercial delivery service. Service of the complaint is complete when the return receipt is signed. Service of all other documents is complete upon mailing or when placed in the custody of a reliable commercial delivery service. Where a document is served by first class mail or commercial delivery service, but not by overnight or same-day delivery, 5 days shall be added to the time allowed by these Consolidated Rules of Practice for the filing of a responsive document.

\$22.8 Ex parte discussion of proceeding.

and relating to the merits thereof, by or on behalf of any party shall be re-garded as argument made in the pro-ceeding and shall be served upon all sceeding, or with any representative of to § 22.18(b)(3). who issues final orders only pursuant dicatory functions in a proceeding, or mally recused himself from all adjunot apply to any person who has for-The requirements of this section shall be given an opportunity to reply to other parties. The other parties shall during the pendency of the proceeding or investigative function in such promember who performs a prosecutorial Presiding Officer or any other person such memorandum or communication ministrator, the Environmental Appeals Board, or the Presiding Officer the Administrator, the Regional or other communication addressed to such person. Any ex parte memorandum ceeding or a factually related proside the Agency, with any Agency staff ceeding with any interested person outcuss ex parte the merits of the proon any decision in the proceeding, diswho is likely to advise these officials Board, the Regional Administrator, the members of the Environmental Appeals complaint shall the Administrator, the At no time after the issuance of the

§22.9 Examination of documents filed.

(a) Subject to the provisions of law restricting the public disclosure of confidential information, any person may,

during Agency business hours inspect and copy any document filed in any proceeding. Such documents shall be made available by the Regional Hearing Clerk, the Hearing Clerk, or the Clerk of the Board, as appropriate.

(b) The cost of duplicating documents shall be borne by the person seeking copies of such documents. The Agency may waive this cost in its discretion.

Subpart B—Parties and Appearances

22.10 Appearances.

Any party may appear in person or by counsel or other representative. A partner may appear on behalf of a partnership and an officer may appear on behalf of a corporation. Persons who appear as counsel or other representative must conform to the standards of conduct and ethics required of practitioners before the courts of the United States.

§22.11 Intervention and non-party briefs.

good cause. be bound by any agreements, arrangements and other matters previously wise ordered by the Presiding Officer or made in the proceeding unless otherest is not adequately represented by existing parties. The intervenor shall Consolidated Rules of Practice shall apply to a motion for leave to intervene as if the movant were a party. the Environmental Appeals Board for final order may as a practical matter that interest; and the movant's interimpair the movant's ability to protect est relating to the cause of action; a ceeding if: the movant claims an interto intervene in all or part of the pro-The Presiding Officer shall grant leave the movant shows good cause for its failure to file before such exchange of information. All requirements of these to §22.19(a) shall not be granted unless the exchange of information pursuant for leave to intervene that is filed after move for leave to intervene. A motion to become a party to a proceeding may (a) Intervention. Any person desiring

(b) Non-party briefs. Any person who is not a party to a proceeding may move for leave to file a non-party brief. The motion shall identify the interest

days after service of the non-party sponse to a non-party brief within 15 party to the proceeding may file a rethe time for filing such brief. Any Presiding Officer or Environmental Appeals Board shall issue an order setting party. If the motion is granted, to the motion as if the movant were a solidated Rules of Practice shall apply ceeding. All requirements of these Conrelevance of the brief to of the applicant and shall explain the

§22.12 Consolidation and severance.

shall not apply to the consolidated prosubpart I of this part does not apply, the procedures of subpart I of this part solidated with a proceeding to which visions of subpart I of this part is conpart I of this part may be consolidated ceedings. Proceedings subject to subthe issues; and consolidation would not adversely affect the rights of parties engaged in otherwise separate pro-Where a proceeding subject to the proonly upon the approval of all parties. pedite and simplify consideration of of fact or law; consolidation would excommon parties or common questions Rules of Practice where: there exist ceedings subject to these Consolidated ters at issue in two or more pro-Board may consolidate any or all mat-(a) Consolidation. The Presiding Offithe Environmental Appeals

all parties or issues. ceedings severed with respect to any or may, for good cause, order any proor the Environmental Appeals Board (b) Severance. The Presiding Officer

Subpart C—Prehearing **Procedures**

§ 22.13 Commencement ceeding. of 20 pro-

to § 22.14. Consolidated Rules of Practice is com-menced by filing with the Regional Hearing Clerk a complaint conforming (a) Any proceeding subject to these

tion before the filing of a complaint, a settlement of one or more causes of acthis section, where the parties agree to (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of may concluded be simultaneously

> <u>⊛</u> final order pursuant to §22.18(b)(2) an issuance of a consent agreement and

§ 22.14 Complaint.

plaint shall include: (a) Content of complaint. Each com-

issuance of the complaint; tion(s) of the Act authorizing A statement reciting the secthe

ent is alleged to have violated; sion of the Act, implementing regulations, permit or order which respond (2) Specific reference to each provi

(3) A concise statement of the factual

basis for each violation alleged; (4) A description of all relief sought,

brief explanation of the proposed penwhich is proposed to be assessed, and including one or more of the following (1) The amount of the civil penalty

statutory penalty authority applicable explanation of the severity of each vioplaint; for each violation alleged in the comlation alleged and a recitation of the is not made, the number of violations for which a penalty is sought, a brief (where applicable, days of violation) (ii) Where a specific penalty demand

and conditions; or and a statement of its proposed terms (iii) A request for a Permit Action

corrective action order and a statethereof; ment of the terms and conditions (1v) A request for a compliance or

or Permit Action; compliance or corrective action order, propriateness of any proposed penalty, alleged in the complaint, or on the apquest a hearing on any material fact (5) Notice of respondent's right to re-

plies to the proceeding; (6) Notice if subpart I of this part ap-

ing Clerk; and (7) The address of the Regional Hear-

if applicable. (8) Instructions for paying penalties,

(b) Rules of practice. A copy of these Consolidated Rules of Practice shall accompany each complaint served.

plaint only upon motion granted by the the complainant may amend the comcomplainant may amend the complaint before the answer is filed. Otherwise once as a matter of right at any time (c) Amendment of the complaint. The

Presiding Officer.

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of service of the amended complaint to He its answer. ave 20 additional days from the date Respondent shall

siding Officer. only upon motion granted by the Preany part thereof, without prejudice ant may withdraw the complaint, or the filing of an answer, the complainhas been filed. After one withdrawal prejudice one time before the answer plaint, or any part thereof, without efore the filing of an answer, or after omplainant may withdraw the com-(d) Withdrawal of the complaint. The

22.15 Answer to the complaint.

of the complaint. ing Clerk within 30 days after service must be filed with the Regional Hearties. Any such answer to the complaint gional Hearing Clerk and shall serve copies of the answer on all other paroriginal and one copy of a written anas the case may be, is inappropriate; or contends that it is entitled to judgment as a matter of law, it shall file an swer to the complaint with the Rerective action order, or Permit Action, proposed penalty, compliance or corcomplaint is based; contends that the ests any material fact upon which the (a) General. Where respondent: Con-

a hearing is requested. grounds of any defense; the facts which which are alleged to constitute the state: The circumstances or arguments deemed denied. The answer shall also gation and so states, the allegation is posing any proposed relief; and whether respondent disputes; the basis for opor explain each of the factual allegaknowledge of a particular factual alleshall clearly and directly admit, deny regard to which respondent has any tions contained in the complaint with knowledge. Where respondent has no (b) Contents of the answer. The answer

tion are raised in the answer. ing if issues appropriate for adjudicathe Presiding Officer may hold a hearispondent does not request a hearing, respondent in its answer. If the reupon the issues raised by the complaint and answer may be held if requested by (c) Request for a hearing. A hearing

or explain any material factual allega-Failure of respondent to admit, (d) Failure to admit, deny, or explain. deny,

complaint upon motion granted by the spondent may amend the answer to the stitutes an admission of the allegation. Presiding Officer. tion contained in the complaint con-(e) Amendment of the answer. The re-

\$22.16 Motions.

responses to the motion and the movant may file a reply to the response. Any additional responsive documents Presiding Officer or Environmental Aprecord during a hearing, shall: tions, except those made orally on the peals Board, as appropriate. All moshall be permitted only by order of the ing of a motion, other parties may file as provided by §22.5(b)(2). Upon the fil-(a) General. Motions shall be served

(1) Be in writing;

particularity; (2) State the grounds therefor, with

memorandum relied upon. certificate, other evidence or legal (3) Set forth the relief sought; and (4) Be accompanied by any affidavit,

cate, other evidence, or legal memorandum relied upon. Any party who granting of the motion. period waives any objection to the fails to respond within the designated accompanied by any affidavit, certifitions. The response or reply shall be ders concerning the disposition of mofor response or reply, or make other or-Board may set a shorter or longer time Officer or the Environmental Appeals raised in the response. The Presiding within 10 days after service of such reany written response must be filed sponse to any written motion must be filed within 15 days after service of sponse and shall be limited to issues such motion. The movant's reply to (b) Response to motions. A party's re-

on all motions filed or made after an shall rule as provided in §22.29(c) and is filed and before an initial decision motions filed or made after an answer has become final or has been appealed istrative Law Judge shall rule on all vided in §§ 22.29(c) and 22.51, an Admin-Officer (or in a proceeding commenced to the complaint is filed. Except as promotions filed or made before an answer mental Appeals Board) shall rule on all at EPA Headquarters, the Environ (c) Decision. The Regional Judicial Environmental Appeals

appeal of the initial decision is filed, except as provided pursuant to §22.28.

cer or the Environmental Appeals motions in its discretion. Board may permit oral argument on (d) Oral argument. The Presiding Offi-

of the complaint with prejudice. action, and shall result in the dismissal right to proceed on the merits of the stitutes a waiver of complainant's right to contest such factual allegaconference or hearing. Default by respondent constitutes, for purposes of plaint and a waiver of respondent's sion of all facts alleged in the comthe pending proceeding only, an admis-Officer; or upon failure to appear at a ure to file a timely answer to the cominformation exchange requirements of plaint; upon failure to comply with the be in default: after motion, upon fail-22.19(a) or an order of the Presiding (a) Default. A party may be found to Default by complainant con-

grounds for the relief requested. sought and state the legal and factual against a defaulting party, the movant alty or the imposition of other relief default may seek resolution of all or must specify the penalty or other relief tion requests the assessment of a penpart of the proceeding. Where the mo-(b) Motion for default. A motion for

aside a default order. shown, the Presiding Officer may set ceeding or the Act. For good cause consistent with the record of the pro-Consolidated Rules of Practice. The reclaims in the proceeding, it shall constitute the initial decision under these order should not be issued. If the order resolves all outstanding issues and record shows good cause why a default parts of the proceeding unless the Officer finds that default has occurred, he shall issue a default order against motion for default shall be ordered un-less the requested relief is clearly inlief proposed in the complaint or the the defaulting party as to any or all (c) Default order. When the Presiding

sessed in the default order shall beand Permit Actions. Any penalty ascompliance or corrective action orders (d) Payment of penalty; effective date of and payable by respondent

> on the date that the default order effective without further proceedi dered in the default order shall beco quiring compliance or corrective a comes final under §22.27(c). under §22.27(c). Any Permit Action date the default order becomes fi under §22.27(c). Any default order without further proceedings 30 without further proceedings on tion shall be effective and enforced after the default order becomes fit

§22.18 Quick resolution; settleme alternative dispute resolution.

ment period. until 10 days after the close of the co public comment provisions of §22. corrective action order or Permit A complaint which seeks a compliance this quick resolution is not availab paragraph (a) shall not apply to a days after receiving the complain then no answer need be filed. Th If the complaint contains a speci check or other instrument of paymer that proposed penalty in full within proposed penalty and respondent pa Regional Hearing Clerk a copy of by complainant and by filing with prehearing exchange in full as specif in the complaint or in complainan by paying the specific penalty propo may resolve the proceeding at any ti (a) Quick resolution. (1) A responds

default pursuant to § 22.17. plaint may subject the respondent within 60 days of receipt of the con penalty. Failure to make such payme pay the full amount of the propos complaint. Within 60 days after recei admission of, the allegations in the need not contain any response to, this section. The written statemer agrees to pay the proposed penalty, complaint stating that the responde ing the complaint, the respondent sh accordance with paragraph (a)(1) Clerk within 30 days after receiving t swer, but who needs additional time statement with the Regional Hear pay the penalty, may file a writt posed penalty instead of filing an a solve a proceeding by paying the (2) Any respondent who wishes to

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waiver of respondent's rights to conment by respondent shall constitute a inal order. est the allegations and to appeal the seeding commenced at EPA gional Administrator, or, in a prosoard, shall issue a final order. Paythe Regional Judicial Officer or Renarters, the Environmental Appeals (3) Upon receipt of payment in full Head-

obligation to file a timely answer oussions whether or not the respondent equests a hearing. Settlement discusparties may engage in settlement disions shall not affect the respondent's he Act and applicable regulations. The ges settlement of a proceeding at any ith the provisions and objectives of (b) Settlement. (1) The Agency encourif the settlement is consistent

Environmental Appeals Board. Administrator, or, in a proceeding Regional Judicial Officer or Regional commenced at EPA Headquarters, the ment and a proposed final order to the forward the executed consent agreealso contain the elements described at Where complainant elects to com-**22**.14(a)(1)-(3) and (8). The parties shall right to appeal the proposed final order right to contest the allegations and its in the consent agreement, and to any stated Permit Action; and waives any mence 22.13(b), the consent agreement shall secompanying the consent agreement. ed civil penalty, to the issuance of any don order, to any conditions specified specified compliance or corrective acconsents to the assessment of any statallegations contained in the complaint; ther admits nor denies specific factual lated in the consent agreement or neithe complaint; admits the facts stipuagreement shall state that, for the purmits the jurisdictional allegations of pose of the proceeding, respondent: Adtheir representatives. agreement signed by all parties or shall be recorded in a written consent erms and conditions of a settlement (2) Consent agreement. Any and all Ą. proceeding pursuant The consent

pose of any proceeding under these Consolidated Rules of Practice without a final order from the Regional Judidal Officer or Regional Administrator, ment or consent agreement shall dis-(3) Conclusion of proceeding. No settle-

> peals Board, ratifying the parties' conor, in a proceeding commenced at EPA Headquarters, the Environmental Ap-

civil penalties for the violations and solve respondent's liability for Federal facts alleged in the complaint. graph (b) of this section shall only retion or settlement pursuant to parapursuant to paragraph (a) of this secof the penalty proposed in a complaint equitable relief or criminal sanctions pursue appropriate injunctive or other for any violations of law. Full payment shall not in any case affect the right of the Agency or the United States to ant to paragraph (b) of this section Full payment of the penalty proposed (a) of this section or settlement pursuin a complaint pursuant to paragraph (c) Scope of resolution or settlement

ADRA. the confidentiality provisions of the forts. Such process shall be subject to may facilitate voluntary settlement ef-("ADRA"), 5 U.S.C. 581 et seq., which process within the scope of the Altertion. (1) The parties may engage in any native (d) Alternative means of dispute resolu-Dispute Resolution

esiding Officer of jurisdiction and does proceeding. withstanding any dispute resolution not automatically stay the proceeding. paragraph (d) does not divest the Pre-Rules of Practice remain in effect not-All provisions of these Consolidated (2) Dispute resolution under

shall designate a qualified neutral. gional Administrator, as appropriate, siding Officer shall forward the motion to the Regional Administrator. The Chief Administrative Law Judge or Repart I of this part, in which the Pre-Presiding Officer grants a motion for the appointment of a neutral, the Pre-siding Officer shall forward the motion Judge, except in proceedings under subson to act as a neutral, or may move for the appointment of a neutral. If the (3) The parties may choose any per-Chief Administrative

§22.19 Prehearing information other discovery. change; prehearing conference;

(1) In accordance with an order issued by the Presiding Officer, each narty (a) Prehearing information exchange

fication as ordered by the Presiding Ofand exhibits shall be marked for identi-Federal Rules of Evidence. Documents federal courts under Rule 408 of the change information relating to settle-ment which would be excluded in the testify. Parties are not required to extion exchange shall not be allowed to been included in prehearing informaname and testimony summary has not into evidence, and any witness whose been included in prehearing informaa document or exhibit that shall file a prehearing information ex-change. Except as provided in §22.22(a), exchange shall not be admitted has not

(2) Each party's prehearing informa-

tion exchange shall contain:

or a statement that no witnesses will summary of their expected testimony introduce into evidence at the hearing. ments and exhibits which it intends to be called; and (ii) Copies of all docuing, together with a brief narrative witnesses it intends to call at the hear-(1) The names of any expert or other

should be reduced or eliminated. change why the proposed penalty proposed penalty was calculated in ac-cordance with any criteria set forth in complainant shall explain in its preplain in its prehearing information exthe Act, and the respondent shall exalready specified a proposed ment of a penalty and complainant has hearing information exchange how the (3) If the proceeding is for the assesspenalty,

ance with any criteria set forth in the posed penalty was calculated in accordpenalty and explaining how the profile a document specifying a proposed formation exchange, complainant shall after respondent files its prehearing insessment of a penalty. Within 15 days mation it considers relevant to the asformation exchange all factual inforparty shall include in its prehearing innot specified a proposed penalty, each ment of a penalty and complainant has (4) If the proceeding is for the assess-

siding Officer, at any time before the tives to participate in a conference and their counsel or other representahearing begins, may direct the parties (b) Prehearing conference. The Pre-

(1) Settlement of the case;

lation of facts not in dispute; (2) Simplification of issues and stipu-

amendments to pleadings; (3) The necessity or desirability of

avoid unnecessary proof; sions or stipulations of fact which will ments, prepared testimony, and admis-(4) The exchange of exhibits, docu-

expert or other witnesses; (5) The limitation of the number of

ng; and (6) The time and place for the hear-

ceeding. pedite the disposition of the pro-(7) Any other matters which may ex-

or orders made during the conference. hearing conferences shall be made un any stipulations, agreements, rulings the record of the proceeding includes The Presiding Officer shall ensure that conferences, no transcript of any premade. With respect to other prehearing ference relating to settlement shall be No transcript of a prehearing coness ordered by the Presiding Officer (c) Record of the prehearing conference

other location or by telephone. there is good cause to hold it at an located, or in Washington, DC, unless the Presiding Officer determines that Protection Agency Regional Office i which the hearing concerns, in the city held in the county where the respond n which the relevant Environmenta (d) Location of prehearing conference resides or conducts the business prehearing conference shall be

other discovery only if it: The Presiding Officer may order su where discovery would be conducted and/or documents sought (and, who relevant, the proposed time and place detail the nature of the informati covery sought, provide the propose tion shall specify the method of di graph (a) of this section, a party may discovery instruments, and describe move for additional discovery. The m mation exchange provided for in para (e) Other discovery. (1) After the infor

den the non-moving party; the proceeding nor unreasonably (i) Will neither unreasonably dela

ing party, and which the non-moving party has refused to provide voluments. reasonably obtained from the non-mo (ii) Seeks information that is mo

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ability or the relief sought. nificant probative value on a disputed issue of material fact relevant to li-(iii) Seeks information that has sig-

ment policies) shall not be discoversettlement based upon Agency settleas penalty calculations for purposes of tion regarding their development (such (2) Settlement positions and informa-

section and upon an additional finding accordance with paragraph (e)(1) of this depositions upon oral questions only in (3) The Presiding Officer may order

methods of discovery; or reasonably be obtained by alternative (i) The information sought cannot

(ii) There is a substantial reason to believe that relevant and probative evihearing. for presentation by a witness at the dence may otherwise not be preserved

paid by the Agency. by the Presiding Officer, fees shall be pears pursuant to a request initiated witness appears. Where a witness apthe United States. Any fees shall be moned before the Presiding Officer section and upon an additional showing of the grounds and necessity therefor. paid by the party at whose request the that are paid witnesses in the courts of shall be paid the same fees and mileage ance with §22.5(b)(1). Witnesses sum-Subpoenas shall be served in accordaccordance with paragraph (e)(1) of this poena for discovery purposes only in The Presiding Officer may issue a subsubpoena, if authorized under the Act duction of documentary evidence the attendance of witnesses or the pro-(4) The Presiding Officer may require

otherwise obtain information. right to request Agency records under the Federal Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. 552, or EPA's authority under any applicable law to conduct inspections, issue information request sions or stipulations, a respondent's limit a party's right to request admisletters or administrative subpoenas, or (5) Nothing in this paragraph (e) shall

mation or a discovery order pursuant tion in response to a request for inforparty who has made an information exdon, or who has exchanged informachange under paragraph (a) of this sec-(f) Supplementing prior exchanges. A

> to this section. disclosed to the other party pursuant dated, and the additional or corrective vided is incomplete, inaccurate or outinformation has not otherwise been change when the party learns that the information exchanged or response propromptly supplement or correct the exto paragraph (e) of this section, shall

tion within its control as required pursuant to this section, the Presiding Officer may, in his discretion: Where a party fails to provide informa-(g) Failure to exchange information.

vide it; be adverse to the party failing to pro-(1) Infer that the information would

dence; or (2) Exclude the information from evi-

§.22.17(c). Issue a default order under

§22.20 Accelerated decision; decision

complainant. no right to relief on the part of entitled to judgment as a matter of law. The Presiding Officer, upon moas he may require, if no genuine issue of material fact exists and a party is facte case or other grounds which show basis of failure to establish a prima tional evidence as he requires, on the ther hearing or upon such limited additime dismiss a proceeding without furtion of the respondent, may at any further hearing or upon such limited additional evidence, such as affidavits, all parts of the proceeding, without decision in favor of a party as to any or may at any time render an accelerated (a) General. The Presiding Officer

gional Hearing Clerk. initial decision of the Presiding Offi-cer, and shall be filed with the Receeding, the decision constitutes as to all issues and claims in the prosion or a decision to dismiss is issued (b) Effect. (1) If an accelerated deci-

order dismissing certain counts snal The partial accelerated decision or the material facts remain controverted out substantial controversy and what ceeding, the Presiding Officer shall decision to dismiss is rendered on less termine what material facts exist withthan all issues or claims in the pro-(2) If an accelerated decision or a de-

Subpart D—Hearing Procedures

§ 22.21 Assignment of Presiding Officer; scheduling the hearing.

(a) Assignment of Presiding Officer. When an answer is filed, the Regional Hearing Clerk shall forward a copy of the complaint, the answer, and any other documents filed in the proceeding to the Chief Administrative Law Judge who shall serve as Presiding Officer or assign another Administrative Law Judge as Presiding Officer. The Presiding Officer shall then obtain the case file from the Chief Administrative Law Judge and notify the parties of his assignment.

(b) Notice of hearing. The Presiding Officer shall hold a hearing if the proceeding presents genuine issues of material fact. The Presiding Officer shall serve upon the parties a notice of hearing setting forth a time and place for the hearing not later than 30 days prior to the date set for the hearing. The Presiding Officer may require the attendance of witnesses or the production of documentary evidence by subpoena, if authorized under the Act, upon a showing of the grounds and necessity therefor, and the materiality and relevancy of the evidence to be addressed.

(c) Postponement of hearing. No request for postponement of a hearing shall be granted except upon motion and for good cause shown.

(d) Location of the hearing. The location of the hearing shall be determined in accordance with the method for determining the location of a prehearing conference under §22.19(d).

§ 22.22 Evidence.

(a) General. (1) The Presiding Officer shall admit all evidence which is not irrelevant, immaterial, unduly repetitious, unreliable, or of little probative value, except that evidence relating to settlement which would be excluded in the federal courts under Rule 408 of the Federal Rules of Evidence (28 U.S.C.) is not admissible. If, however, a party fails to provide any document, exhibit,

witness name or summary of expected testimony required to be exchanged under \$22.19 (a), (e) or (f) to all parties at least 15 days before the hearing date, the Presiding Officer shall not admit the document, exhibit or testimony into evidence, unless the non-exchanging party had good cause for falling to exchange the required information and provided the required information to all other parties as soon as it had control of the information, or had good cause for not doing so.

claimed confidential. Any affected person may move for comply with 40 CFR part 2, subpart closed only to the extent necessary before some, but not all, parties, closed to the public, and which may sider such evidence in a proceedi part B. The Presiding Officer or the B duced into evidence, but shall instead ness confidentiality claim shall n proceeding, unless disclosure is author tion claimed confidential, whether o order for information claimed confident necessary. Such proceeding shall vironmental Appeals Board may of in accordance with 40 CFR part 2, su prevent information from being intro not the claim is made by a party to th serve the confidentiality of informs authorized representatives shall pre evidence, EPA officers, employees an disposition, and use of oral and writte require that the information be treats ized pursuant to 40 CFR part 2. A bus (2) In the presentation, admission protecting the informati

(b) Examination of witnesses. We nesses shall be examined orally, understood or affirmation, except as other wise provided in paragraphs (c) and of this section or by the Presiding Of cer. Parties shall have the righter oross-examine a witness who appears the hearing provided that such or examination is not unduly repetition.

(c) Written testimony. The President Officer may admit and insert into it record as evidence, in lieu of oral tagmony, written testimony prepared by witness. The admissibility of any property of the testimony shall be subject to the same rules as if the testimony we produced under oral examination. If fore any such testimony is read on mitted into evidence, the party whas called the witness shall deliver

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oopy of the testimony to the Presiding Officer, the reporter, and opposing counsel. The witness presenting the Mestimony shall swear to or affirm the testimony and shall be subject to appropriate oral cross-examination.

(d) Admission of affidavits where the witness is unavailable. The Presiding Officer may admit into evidence affidavits of witnesses who are unavailable. The term "unavailable" shall have the meaning accorded to it by Rule 804(a) of the Federal Rules of Evidence.

(e) Exhibits. Where practicable, an original and one copy of each exhibit shall be filed with the Presiding Officer for the record and a copy shall be furnished to each party. A true copy of the

(f) Official notice. Official notice may be taken of any matter which can be indicially noticed in the Federal courts and of other facts within the specialized knowledge and experience of the Agency. Opposing parties shall be given adequate opportunity to show that such facts are erroneously noticed.

original.

22.23 Objections and offers of proof.

(a) Objection. Any objection concerning the conduct of the hearing may be stated orally or in writing during the hearing. The party raising the objection must supply a short statement of its grounds. The ruling by the Presiding Officer on any objection and the leasons given for it shall be part of the goord. An exception to each objection verruled shall be automatic and is not walved by further participation in the hearing.

as both erroneous and prejudicial, the luding the information from evidence ling of the Presiding Officer in exental Appeals Board decides that the oof for excluded documents or exhibatement describing the nature of the ral testimony shall consist of a brief hibits excluded. Where the Environg the information may make an offer ission into evidence, the party offerformation excluded. The offer proof, which shall be included in the cord. The offer of proof for excluded ding Officer denies a motion for ad-(b) Offers of proof. Whenever the Preshall consist of the documents or of

hearing may be reopened to permit the taking of such evidence.

§ 22.24 Burden of presentation; burden of persuasion; prependerance of the evidence standard.

(a) The complainant has the burdens of presentation and persuasion that the violation occurred as set forth in the complaint and that the relief sought is appropriate. Following complainant's establishment of a prima facte case, resenting any defense to the allegations set forth in the complaint and any response or evidence with respect to the appropriate relief. The respondent has son for any affirmative defenses.

(b) Each matter of controversy shall be decided by the Presiding Officer upon a preponderance of the evidence.

§ 22.25 Filing the transcript.

the actual testimony within 30 days after receipt of the transcript, or 45 the availability of days after the parties are notified of motion to conform the transcript to whichever is sooner. Presiding Officer. Any party may file a ordered to be kept confidential by the cept for those parts of the transcript payment of the reproduction fee, exceive a copy of the transcript upon not a party to the proceeding may recost is unduly burdensome. Any person tion, unless a party can show that the upon payment of the cost of reproducparties with a copy of the transcript tify all parties of the availability The Regional Hearing Clerk shall nocompany each copy of the transcript. script. A certificate of service shall acthe transcript and shall furnish the Presiding Officer a copy of the tran-Agency, and also shall transmit to the for in the reporter's contract with the transcript of testimony as are called transmit to the Regional Hearing Clerk of the last evidence, the reporter shall batim. Promptly following the taking the original and as many copies of the The hearing shall be transcribed verthe transcript,

§22.26 Proposed findings, conclusions, and order.

After the hearing, any party may file proposed findings of fact, conclusions

of law, and a proposed order, together with briefs in support thereof. The Presiding Officer shall set a schedule for filing these documents and any reply briefs, but shall not require them before the last date for filing motions under \$22.25 to conform the transcript to the actual testimony. All submissions shall be in writing, shall be served upon all parties, and shall contain adequate references to the record and authorities relied on.

Subpart E—Initial Decision and Motion To Reopen a Hearing

§ 22.27 Initial Decision.

(a) Filing and contents. After the period for filing briefs under \$22.26 has expired, the Presiding Officer shall issue an initial decision. The initial decision shall contain findings of fact, conclusions regarding all material issues of law or discretion, as well as reasons therefor, and, if appropriate, a recommended civil penalty assessment, compliance order, corrective action order, or Permit Action. Upon receipt of an initial decision, the Regional Hearing Clerk shall forward copies of the initial decision to the Environmental Appeals Board and the Assistant forward and the Assistant for the Office of Encaracture of the office of Environmental and Courter of the Office of Environmental and Courter

alty different in amount from the pen-alty proposed by complainant, the Pre-siding Officer shall set forth in the ini-Officer shall not assess a penalty greater than that proposed by complainant in the complaint, the prehearing inforspondent has defaulted, the Presiding the increase or decrease. If the residing Officer decides to assess a pencriteria set forth in the Act. If the Presiding Officer shall explain in detail in be assessed corresponds to any penalty the initial decision how the penalty to lines issued under the Act. The Preshall consider any civil penalty guideforth in the Act. The Presiding Officer cordance with any penalty criteria set recommended civil penalty based ficer shall determine the amount of the seeks a civil penalty, the Presiding Of-(b) Amount of civil penalty. If the Presiding Officer determines that a violation has occurred and the complaint the evidence in the record and in acforcement and Compliance Assurance. the complaint, the prehearing infordecision the specific reasons for on

mation exchange or the motion for default, whichever is less.

(c) Effect of initial decision. The initial decision of the Presiding Officer shall become a final order 45 days after its service upon the parties and without further proceedings unless:

A party moves to reopen the hearing;

(2) A party appeals the initial decision to the Environmental Appeals Board;

(3) A party moves to set aside a default order that constitutes an initial decision; or

(4) The Environmental Appeals Board elects to review the initial decision on its own initiative.

(d) Exhaustion of administrative remedies. Where a respondent fails to appeal an initial decision to the Environmental Appeals Board pursuant to \$22.30 and that initial decision becomes a final order pursuant to paragraph (o) of this section, respondent waives its rights to judicial review. An initial decision that is appealed to the Environmental Appeals Board shall not be final or operative pending the Environmental Appeals Board's issuance of a final order.

\$22.28 Motion to reopen a hearing.

(a) Filing and content. A motion to reopen a hearing to take further evidence must be filed no later than 20 days after service of the initial decision and shall state the specific grounds upon which relief is sought. Where the movant seeks to introduce new evidence, the motion shall: state briefly the nature and purpose of the evidence to be adduced; show that such evidence is not cumulative; and show good cause why such evidence was not adduced at the hearing. The motion shall be made to the Presiding Officer and filed with the Regional Hearing Clerk.

(b) Disposition of motion to reopen a hearing. Within 15 days following the service of a motion to reopen a hearing, any other party to the proceeding may file with the Regional Hearing Clerk and serve on all other parties a response. A reopened hearing shall be governed by the applicable sections of these Consolidated Rules of Practice.

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The filing of a motion to reopen a hearing shall automatically stay the running of the time periods for an initial decision becoming final under §22.27(c) and for appeal under §22.30. These time periods shall begin again in full when the motion is denied or an amended initial decision is served.

Subpart F—Appeals and Administrative Review

\$22.29 Appeal from or review of interlocutory orders or rulings,

(a) Request for interlocutory appeal. Appeals from orders or rulings other than an initial decision shall be allowed only at the discretion of the Environmental Appeals Board. A party seeking interlocutory appeal of such orders or rulings to the Environmental Appeals Board shall file a motion within 10 days of service of the order or ruling, requesting that the Presiding Officer forward the order or ruling to the Environmental Appeals Board for review, and stating briefly the grounds for the appeal.

(b) Availability of interlocutory appeal. The Presiding Officer may recommend any order or ruling for review by the Environmental Appeals Board when:

(1) The order or ruling involves an important question of law or policy concerning which there is substantial grounds for difference of opinion; and (2) Either an immediate appeal from the order or ruling will materially ad-

the order or ruling will materially advance the ultimate termination of the proceeding, or review after the final order is issued will be inadequate or ineffective.

delay review would be contrary to the public interest. Such motion shall be in exceptional circumstances, that termines, upon motion of a party and the Environmental Appeals Board defrom the initial decision, except when mental Appeals Board only upon appeal ing, it may be reviewed by the Environrecommend review of an order or rul-When the Presiding Officer declines to in 30 days of the Presiding Officer's recommendation, the appeal is dismissed inappropriate, or takes no action withdetermines that interlocutory review is and the Environmental Appeals Board siding Officer has recommended review (c) Interlocutory review. If the Pre-

filed within 10 days of service of an order of the Presiding Officer refusing to recommend such order or ruling for interlocutory review.

§22.80 Appeal from or review of initial decision.

notice of appeal is filed by a party, any other party may file a notice of appeal on any issue within 20 days after the was served. date on which the first notice of appeal sought, alternative findings of fact, ment on the issues presented, a short conclusion stating the precise relief issues of law or discretion. If a timely and alternative conclusions regarding priate references to the record), arguissues presented for review (with approa statement of the issues presented for and authorities (with page references), the case and the facts relevant to the review, a statement of the nature of other parties and non-party partici-pants. The notice of appeal shall sum-marize the order or ruling, or part brief shall contain tables of contents thereof, appealed from. The appellant's copy of the notice and brief upon all shall serve a copy of the notice of appeal upon the Presiding Officer. Appellant shall simultaneously serve one gional Hearing Clerk. Appellant also deliveries may be made at Suite 600, 1341 G Street, NW.).) One copy of any document filed with the Clerk of the Board shall also be served on the Re-1103B), United States Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania appeal and an accompanying appellate brief with the Environmental Appeals Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20460. Hand Board (Clerk of the Board (Mail Code an original and one copy of a notice of ruling of the Presiding Officer by filing party may appeal any adverse order or after the initial decision is served, any (a) Notice of appeal. (1) Within 30 days

(2) Within 20 days of service of notices of appeal and briefs under paragraph (a)(1) of this section, any other party or non-party participant may file with the Environmental Appeals Board an original and one copy of a response brief responding to argument raised by the appellant, together with reference to the relevant portions of the record, initial decision, or opposing brief, Appellee shall simultaneously serve one

filed only with the permission of the the appeal brief. Further briefs may be briefs shall be limited to the scope of Environmental Appeals Board. party, non-party participant, and the copy of the response brief upon each Hearing Clerk. Response

served upon the parties. The notice schedule for the filing and service of be briefed by the parties and a time siding Officer and the parties within 45 shall include a statement of issues to days after the initial decision was the Regional Hearing Clerk, the Pretent to review that decision with the Clerk of the Board, and serve it upon to review an initial decision on its own vironmental Appeals Board determines mental Appeals Board. Whenever the Eninitiative, it shall file notice of its in-(b) Review initiated by the Environ-

sion, and to issues concerning subject such determination to permit preparafurther proceedings. the case to the Presiding Officer for ronmental Appeals Board may remand tion of adequate argument. The Enviparties, should be argued, it shall give the parties reasonable written notice of mental Appeals Board determines that matter jurisdiction. If the Environthe proceeding and by the initial decities' rights of appeal shall be limited to issues raised, but not appealed by the those issues raised during the course of (c) Scope of appeal or review. The par-

(d) Argument before the Environmental Appeals Board. The Environmental Ap-Board may, at its discretion, oral argument on any or all

issues in a proceeding.

shall conform to §22.16 unless othermade during the course of an appeal Motions on appeal. All motions

sessed in the decision or order being rethe complaint, except that if the order viewed or from the amount sought in the amount recommended to be ronmental Appeals Board may assess a penalty that is higher or lower than the reasons for its actions. The Enviand shall set forth in the final order sions of law or discretion contained in peals Board shall adopt, modify, or set wise provided.

(f) Decision: The Environmental Apaside the findings of fact and concludecision or order being reviewed,

> cer for further action. remand the case to the Presiding Offiincrease the amount of the penalty The Environmental Appeals Board may rective action order or Permit Action. any recommended compliance or coror in the motion for default, whichever is less. The Environmental Appeals above that proposed in the complaint Board may adopt, modify or set aside Environmental Appeals Board may not being reviewed is a default order, the

[64 FR 40176, July 23, 1999, as amended at 68 FR 2204, Jan. 16, 2003]

Subpart G—Final Order

§ 22.31 Final order

extinguish or otherwise affect respondtion alleged in the complaint, or for proceedings commenced pursuant to shall resolve only those causes of acany violations of law. The final order constitutes the final Agency action in plicable provisions of the Act and reguent's obligation to comply with all ap-§22.13(b), alleged in the consent agreetable relief or criminal sanctions for a proceeding. The final order shall not in any case affect the right of the ment. The final order does not waive appropriate injunctive or other equi-Agency or the United States to pursue lations promulgated thereunder. (a) Effect of final order. A final order

(b) Effective date. A final order is effective upon filing. Where an initial decision becomes a final order pursuant served on the parties. 45 days after the initial decision is to §22.27(c), the final order is effective

overdue payments shall be in accord on the Regional Hearing Clerk and or date of the final order unless otherwise ordered. Payment shall be made by ance with the Debt Collection Act, 31 complainant. Collection of interest or check or other instrument of paymen Respondent shall serve copies of the check to the payee specified in the complaint, unless otherwise instructed sending a cashier's check or certified spondent shall pay the full amount of any civil penalty assessed in the final note the case title and docket number by the complainant. The check shall order within 30 days after the effective (c) Payment of a civil penalty. The re-

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of the final order unless otherwise oreffective and enforceable without furtion, or a Permit Action, shall become quiring compliance or corrective acther proceedings on the effective date (d) Other relief. Any final order re-

ministrator shall become the final service of the final order. If a timely request is made, a decision by the Adservice upon the parties unless the the parties of record within 30 days of cy, or instrumentality requests a conhead of the affected department, agenshall become effective 30 days after its ing and serves a copy of the request on ference with the Administrator in writinstrumentality of the United States to \$22.30 to a department, agency, or mental Appeals Board issued pursuant appeal. (1) A final order of the Environ-(e) Final orders to Federal agencies on

dered by the Environmental Appeals Board suant to §22.32 shall not toll the 30-day this section unless specifically so orperiod described in paragraph (e)(1) of (2) A motion for reconsideration pur-

\$22.32 Motion to reconsider a final

the Environmental Appeals Board. of the final order unless so ordered by ation shall not stay the effective date final order. A motion for reconsiderwhich the Administrator has issued the ministrator pursuant to §22.4(a) and in Appeals Board has referred to the Adcept in cases that the Environmental peals Board, will not be considered, exrather than to the Environmental Apation directed to the Administrator, Appeals Board, Motions for reconsiderto, and decided by, the Environmental under this provision shall be directed errors. Motions for reconsideration decided and the nature of the alleged ters claimed to have been erroneously order. Motions must set forth the matwithin 10 days after service of the final issued pursuant to §22.30 shall be filed Motions to reconsider a final order

Subpart H—Supplemental Rules

§ 22.33 [Reserved]

\$22.34 Supplemental rules governing the administrative assessment of civil penalties under the Clean Air

22.32, this section shall apply.

(b) Issuance of notice. Prior to the tween this section and §§ 22.1 through 7547(d)). Where inconsistencies exist bethe Clean Air Act, as amended tions 118(d), 205(c), 211(d), and 218(d) of a civil penalty conducted under secin administrative proceedings to assess conjunction with §§ 22.1 through 22.32, (a) Scope. This section shall apply, in 7413(d), 7524(c), 7545(d),

a consent agreement and final order issuance of a final order assessing a civil penalty, the person to whom the order is to be issued shall be given requirement. pursuant to §22.13 satisfies this notice of the order. Service of a complaint or written notice of the proposed issuance

\$22.35 Supplemental rules governing the administrative assessment of civil penalties under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act. Fungicide,

§\$22.1 through 22.32, this section shall encies exist between this section and ed (7 U.S.C. 1361(a)). Where inconsistgicide, and Rodenticide Act as amenda civil penalty conducted under section 14(a) of the Federal Insecticide, Funin administrative proceedings to assess conjunction with §§ 22.1 through 22.32, (a) Scope. This section shall apply, in

the EPA office listed at 40 CFR 1.7 that is closest to either the person's priall parties. For a person whose residence is outside the United States and the United States, the prehearing conoutside any territory or possession ference and the hearing shall be held at county, parish, or incorporated city of the residence of the person charged, unless otherwise agreed in writing by and the hearing shall be held in the (b) Venue. The prehearing conference of business

United States, or the primary place of business of the person's U.S. agent, unless otherwise agreed by all parties.

§ 22.36 [Reserved]

...37 Supplemental rules governing administrative proceedings under the Solid Waste Disposal Act.

§§ 22.1 through 22.32, this section shall encies exist between this section and 9006 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42 U.S.C. 6925(d) and (e), 6928, 6991b and apply. 6991e) sections 3005(d) and (e), 3008, 9003 and in administrative proceedings under (a) Scope. This section shall apply, in conjunction with §§ 22.1 through 22.32, ("SWDA"). Where inconsist-

served, the respondent requests a hearcally become a final order unless, no SWDA. Any such order shall automatiing pursuant to § 22.15. later than 30 days after the order is tive action order issued under section 3008(a) or section 9006(a), or a correcders. A complaint may contain a compliance order issued under section (b) Corrective action and compliance oror section 9003(h)(4) of the

§ 22.38 Supplemental rules of practice governing the administrative assessment of civil penalties under the Clean Water Act.

22.32, this section shall apply. ceedings for the assessment of any civil between this section and §§ 22.1 through ("CWA")(88 penalty under section 309(g) or section conjunction with §§ 22.1 through 1321(b)(6)). Where inconsistencies exist (a) Scope. This section shall apply, in စ် ဝ<u>ှ</u> the Clean in administrative U.S.C. 1319(g) Water pro-22.32 and Act

before the issuance of an order assesssuant to §22.13(b), no less than 40 days ceeding proposed to be commenced purrespondent or, in the case of a proproof of service of the complaint on the State agency within 30 days following (b) Consultation with States. For proceedings pursuant to section 309(g), the ing a civil penalty opportunity to consult with the com-plainant. Complainant shall notify the over the matters at issue in the case an agency with the most direct authority complainant shall provide the State

> subject to review in an administrative CWA, 33 U.S.C. 1369(b)(1), shall not b penalty under section 309(g) or section proceeding for the assessment of a civi cial review. Action of the Administrate tained under section 509(b)(1) of th for which review could have been ob (c) Administrative procedure and judge

ability Act of 1980, as amended. Response, Compensation, and I civil penalties under section 109 Supplemental rules governing administrative assessment

through 22.32, this section shall appl exist between this section and §§ 22 (42 U.S.C. 9609). Where inconsistenci and Liability Act of 1980, as amend section 109 of the Comprehensive En assessment of any civil penalty und ronmental Response, conjunction with §§ 22.10 through 22,3 in administrative proceedings for th (a) Scope. This section shall apply, Compensatio

ment was served on the parties. the date the order making the asset titions must be filed within 30 days of such order with the appropriate di trict court of the United States. All p may file a petition for judicial revi final order assessing the civil penal section 109(a)(4) of CERCLA, 42 U.S. for any other circuit in which such pe son resides or transacts business. An 9609(a)(4), and who is the recipient of respect to a Class I civil penalty und person who requested a hearing wi with the United States Court of A tion for judicial review of such ord sessing a civil penalty may file a pel who is the recipient of a final order a peals for the District of Columbia 109(b) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. 9609(b), ai Class II civil penalty under section quested a hearing with respect to (b) Judicial review. Any person who,

number, to the appropriate region, Superfund Lockbox Depository. and noting the case title and dock the "EPA, Hazardous Substand Superfund," in the amount assess warding a cashier's check, payable the final order shall be made by Payment of civil penalties assessed (c) Payment of civil penalty assess

22,40 [Reserved]

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\$22.41 Supplemental rules governing the administrative assessment of civil penalties under Title II of the Toxic Substance Control Act, enacted as section 2 of the Asbestos

Hazard Emergency Response

Act

tion and §§ 22.1 through 22.32, this section shall apply. inconsistencies exist between this sec-Act ("TSCA") (15 U.S.C. 2647). Where in administrative proceedings to assess conjunction with §§ 22.1 through 22.32, civil penalty conducted under section (a) Scope. This section shall apply, in of the Toxic Substances Control

tablished under section 5 of AHERA. unspent after a local educational agention of a civil penalty remaining plying with Title II of TSCA. Any porcy achieves compliance shall be depospenalty collected under TSCA section 207 shall be used by the local edu-Ited into the Asbestos Trust Fund es-(b) Collection of civil penalty. Any civil

\$22.42 Supplemental rules governing the administrative assessment of civil penalties for violations of comoperators of public water systems under part B of the Safe Drinking pliance orders issued to owners or

1414(g)(3)(B) of the Safe Drinking Water tion and §§ 22.1 through 22.32, this secconsistencies exist between this sec-Act, 42 U.S.C. 300g-3(g)(8)(B). Where inin administrative proceedings to assess don shall apply. conjunction with §§ 22.1 through 22.32, 9 (a) Scope. This section shall apply, in penalty under section

as necessary, and notify the parties of the changes. recaption the documents in the record quest, the Regional Hearing Clerk shall U.S.C. 554, and that respondent waives this right unless it requests in its anwhich specifies that subpart I of this on the record in accordance with 5 spondent has a right to elect a hearing ance with 5 U.S.C. 554. Upon such rewer a hearing on the record in accordpart applies shall also state that re-Choice of forum. A complaint

the administrative assessment of civil penalties against a federal agency under the Safe Drinking Water Act.

this section shall apply. this section and §§ 22.1 through 22.32, under section 1447(b) of the Safe Drinka civil penalty against a federal agency in administrative proceedings to assess conjunction with §§ 22.1 through 22.32, Where inconsistencies exist between ing Water Act, 42 U.S.C. 300j-6(b). (a) Scope. This section shall apply, in

served on the parties. Safe Drinking Water Act shall become effective 30 days after it has been this section and section 1447(b) of the Any penalty order issued pursuant to (b) Effective date of final penalty order.

Upon the issuance of a final penalty (c) Public notice of final penalty order.

the Regional Hearing Clerk from whom notice. The notice shall include: notice to any person who requests such (2) The address and phone number of (1) The docket number of the order;

order by publication, and by providing trator shall provide public notice of the order under this section, the Adminis-

a copy of the order may be obtained; violations were found; (3) The location of the facility where

(4) A description of the violations;(5) The penalty that was asset The penalty that was assessed:

described in 40 CFR 135.11(a). vide copies of any appeal to the persons sons seeking judicial review shall prosection 1447(b) of the Safe Drinking Water Act, and instruction that perview of the penalty order pursuant to order becomes final, obtain judicial reson may, within 30 days of the date the (6) A notice that any interested per-

§22.44 Supplemental rules of practice servation and Recovery Act. governing the termination of permits under section 402(a) of the Clean Water. Act or under section 3008(a)(3) of the Resource Con-

mits under section 402(a) of the Clean proceedings for the termination of per-Water Act or under section 3008(a)(3) this part and with the administrative the Consolidated Rules of Practice in shall also apply in conjunction with mental rules of practice in this subpart (a) Scope of this subpart. The supple-

to the termination of such permits. mental rules shall govern with respect dated Rules of Practice, these suppleery Act. Notwithstanding the Consolithe Resource Conservation and Recov-

of this chapter during the term of the permit for cause under §122.64 or §270.48 permit: (b) In any proceeding to terminate a

fled in § 124.8 of this chapter; tain any additional information specito the requirements of §22.14(b), con-(1) The complaint shall, in addition

§124.11 of this chapter; and with §124.10 of this chapter, and allow for public comment in accordance with tice of the complaint in accordance of this chapter) shall provide public no-(2) The Director (as defined in §124.2

of this chapter, and any public comments received. ministrative Record described in §124.9 into evidence the contents of the Ad-(3) The Presiding Officer shall admit

65 FR 30904, May 15, 2000]

\$22.45 Supplemental rules governing public notice and comment in proceedings under sections 309(g) and 311(b)(6)(B)(ii) of the Clean Water Act and section 1423(c) of the Safe Drinking Water Act.

§\$22.1 through 22.32, this section shall (42 U.S.C. 300h-2(c)). Where inconsistencies exist between this section and Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. 1319(g) and 1321(b)(6)(B)(11)), and under section assessment of any civil penalty under sections 309(g) and 311(b)(6)(B)(ii) of the 1423(c) of the Safe Drinking Water Act in administrative proceedings for the conjunction with §§ 22.1 through 22.32, (a) Scope. This section shall apply, in

tion of notice. tice period begins upon first publicaorder assessing a civil penalty. The nothan 40 days before the issuance of an of a proceeding proposed to be commenced pursuant to §22.13(b), no less plaint on the respondent or, in the case shall be provided within 30 days folplainant shall notify the public before assessing a civil penalty. Such notice lowing proof of service of the com-(b) Public notice.—(1) General. Com-

The complainant shall provide public (2) Type and content of public notice. of the complaint (or the pro-

> son who requests such notice. The no also provide notice directly to any pa tice shall include: calculated to provide notice, and sha applicable) by a method reasonab posed consent agreement if §22.13(b)

(i) The docket number of the pro

son from whom information on the proceeding may be obtained, and the a directed; whom appropriate comments shall dress of the Regional Hearing Clerk plainant and respondent, and the per (11) The name and address of the con

ity from which the violations are leged, and any applicable permit nut (iii) The location of the site or facil

leged and the relief sought; and (iv) A description of the violation a

Clerk, and the deadline for such sul mit comments to the Regional Hearin (v) A notice that persons shall su

party. The following provisions applydregard to comment by a person not party to a proceeding: (c) Comment by a person who is not

ticipate in the proceeding. dress, and state that he wishes to provide his name, complete mailing a public notice period under paragrap (b)(1) of this section. The person mu Hearing Clerk in writing within the proceedings must notify the Region (1) Participation in proceeding. (1) An person wishing to participate in the pa

scheduled hearing. section at least 20 days prior to quirements of paragraph (c)(1)(1) of the section at least 20 days prior to the its to any person who has met the re vide notice of any hearing on the mer (ii) The Presiding Officer shall pr

time prior to the close of the record, (iii) A commenter may present written comments for the record at an

the subject matter of the testimony. sented, and the identity of any witnes a description of the evidence to be pre copy of any document to be introduced (and qualifications if an expert), and hearing. This notice must include evidence at a hearing on the merit shall notify, in writing, the Presidin Officer and the parties of its intent least 10 days prior to the schedule (iv) A commenter wishing to presen

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cross examination by the parties. pluding direct testimony subject commenter may present evidence, (v) In any hearing on the merits, a to

other scheduled activity. the discretion to establish the extent (vi) The Presiding Officer shall have commenter participation in any

exchange. ing and shall not be subject to or par-licipate in any discovery or prehearing pross-examine any witness in any hear-(2) Limitations. A commenter may not

provided in paragraph (c)(1) of this secafter the close of the comment period menced under §22.13(b), until 10 days (b) and (c) of this section may be resolved or settled under §22.18, or comind comment provisions of paragraphs proceeding subject to the public notice (8) Quick resolution and settlement. No

gional Hearing Clerk or Presiding Officeipt requested, but not to the Rementer, by certified mail, return replainant shall provide to each comfinal order. between the parties and the proposed eer, a copy of any consent agreement ment and proposed final order. (1) Com-(4) Petition to set aside a consent agree-

siding Officer. the Regional Hearing Clerk or the Preon the parties, but shall not be sent to Copies of the petition shall be served terial evidence was not considered aside the consent agreement and procommenced at EPA Headquarters, the posed final order on the basis that ma-Environmental Appeals Board), to set Regional Administrator (or, for cases order a commenter may petition the consent agreement and proposed final (ii) Within 30 days of receipt of the

other Presiding Officer, not otherwise tion. The Petition Officer shall be anficer to consider and rule on the petipeals Board shall assign a Petition Of Administrator or Environmental Apreceipt of the petition, the Regional notice of withdrawal within 15 days of consider the matters raised in the petiagreement and proposed final order to the commenter, withdraw the consent Environmental Appeals Board and to tice to the Regional Administrator or tion. If the complainant does not give tition, the complainant may, with no-(iii) Within 15 days of receipt of a pe

> and to the Presiding Officer. signment shall be sent to the parties, involved in the case. Notice of this as-

response to the petition. A copy of the response shall be provided to the par-(iv) Within 30 days of assignment of the Petition Officer, the complainant shall present to the Petition Officer a siding Officer. copy of the complaint and a written rethe Regional Hearing Clerk or Preties and to the commenter, but not to

Officer, written findings as to: the petition, and complainant's response, and shall file with the Regional Hearing Clerk, with copies to the par-ties, the commenter, and the Presiding (v) The Petition Officer shall review

to the issuance of the proposed final states an issue relevant and material order; (A) The extent to which the petition

considered and responded to the petition; and (B) Whether complainant adequately

ceeding by the parties is appropriate without a hearing. (C) Whether a resolution of the pro-

Officer that a hearing is appropriate, lish a schedule for a hearing. the consent agreement and proposed final order be set aside and shall estabthe Presiding Officer shall order that (vi) Upon a finding by the Petition

Officer shall an order denying the petition and statceeding without a hearing is appro-Officer that a resolution of the proing reasons for the denial. The Petition priate, the Petition Officer shall issue (vii) Upon a finding by the Petition

Hearing Clerk; (A) File the order with the Regional

parties and the commenter; and 3 (B) Serve copies of the order on the Provide public notice

of the

order.

oeeding without a hearing is appropriate, the Regional Administrator may issue the proposed final order, which shall become final 30 days after view is filed by a notice of appeal Clerk, unless further petition for reare filed with the Regional Hearing a properly signed consent agreement the appropriate United States District both the order denying the petition and Officer that a resolution of the pro-(viii) Upon a finding by the Petition

the Presiding Officer and the parties. of appeal also shall be filed with the Regional Hearing Clerk, and sent to the Attorney General. Written notice tifled mail to the Administrator and Court, with coincident notice by cer-

has been filed with the Regional Hearcome effective 30 days after such denial order is denied, the final order shall be-(ix) If judicial review of the final

§§ 22,46-22,49 [Reserved]

Subpart Section 554 of the Administraceedings Not Governed by five Procedure Act I—Administrative Pro-

§22.50 Scope of this subpart.

- adjudicatory proceedings for: (a) Scope. This subpart applies to all
- of the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. sections 309(g)(2)(A) and 311(b)(6)(B)(i) 1319(g)(2)(A) and 1321(b)(6)(B)(1)). (1) The assessment of a penalty under
- accordance with section 554 of the Administrative Procedure Act, 5 U.S.C. under section 1414(g)(3)(B) requests in where a respondent in a proceeding 300g-3(g)(3)(B) and 300h-2(c), its answer a hearing on the record in Safe Drinking Water Act (42 sections 1414(g)(3)(B) and 1423(c) of the (2) The assessment of a penalty under except U.S.C.
- H of this part, subpart H shall apply. exist between this subpart and subpart for the following provisions which do not apply: §§ 22.11, 22.16(c), 22.21(a), and through G of this part, this subpart tween this subpart and subparts A 22.29. Where inconsistencies exist beproceedings under this subpart, except Sections 22.1 through 22.45 apply to (b) Relationship to other provisions. apply. Where inconsistencies

§ 22.51 Presiding Officer.

cision has become final or has been aprule on all motions until an initial de-Officer shall conduct the hearing, and gional Judicial Officer. The Presiding The Presiding Officer shall be a Re-

§22.52 Information exchange and

Respondent's information exch

ent's ability to pay a penalty. and information concerning resp nomic benefit from alleged violat mation concerning respondent's covery under §22.19(e) shall not be nues, delayed or avoided costs. thorized, except for discovery of in plicable law, including its gross re tive complaint to be a violation of act which is alleged in the adminis sulting from any activity or failur formation on any economic benefit pursuant to §22.19(a) shall include

PART 23—JUDICIAL REVIEW UND **EPA**—ADMINISTERED STATUTES

23.2 Timing of Administrator's action un Clean Water Act.

23.3 Timing of Administrator's action un Clean Air Act.

Resource Conservation and Recoy Timing of Administrator's action u

Timing of Administrator's action u

Rodenticide Act. Toxic Substances Control Act. Timing of Administrator's action up Insecticide, Fungicide

Safe Drinking Water Act. Timing of Administrator's action u

23.8 Act of 1978. Timing of Administrator's action un Uranium Mill Tallings Radiation Con

23.9 Timing of Administrator's action u the Atomic Energy Act.

23.10 Timing of Administrator's ac under the Federal Food, Drug, and metic Act. Holidays.

23.12 Filing notice of judicial review.

7601(a)(1), 7607(b); Resource, Conservational Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. 6912(a), or Toxic Substances Control Act, 15 U.S.C. Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, Rodenticide Act, 7 U.S.C. 136n(b), 136n Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. 300 Safe Drinking Water U.S.C. 2112(a), 2343, 2344. 7(a)(2), 300j-9(a); Atomic Energy Actus.C. 2201, 2238; Federal Food, Drug, Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. 371(a), 346a, 348 AUTHORITY: Clean Water Act, 33 U. 1361(a), 1369(b); Clean Air Act, 42 U.

otherwise noted. SOURCE: 60 FR 7270, Feb. 21, 1985, un

23.1 Definitions.

Environmental Protection Agency

(a) Federal Register document means a document intended for publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER and bearing in ts heading an identification code in-As used in this part, the term:

thority strator or any official exercising auluding the letters FRL. (b) Admininstrator means the Admindelegated by the Adminis-

eral Counsel. dising authority delegated by the Gen-Counsel of EPA or any official exer-(c) General Counsel means the General

[50 FR 7270, Feb. 21, 1985, as amended at 53 FR 29322, Aug. 3, 1988]

\$23.2 Timing of Administrator's action under Clean Water Act.

(D), and issuing or denying (for pur-509(b)(1)(E)), making a determination tions 509(b)(1) (A), (C), and (E)), approvand date of the Administrator's action mulgation or approval action, the time explicity provides in a particular pro-(for purposes of section 509(b)(1) (B) and in promulgation (for purposes of seclocument, two weeks after it is signed he document is published in the FED-:00 p.m. eastern time (standard or dayposes of section 509(b)(1)(F)) shall be at RAL REGISTER, or (b) for any other hat is two weeks after the date when RAL REGISTER document, ight, as appropriate) on (a) for a FED-Unless the Administrator otherwise (for purposes 10 the date section

28.3 Timing of Administrator's action under Clean Air Act.

on (a) for a FEDERAL REGISTER docub) for any other document, two weeks ublished in the FEDERAL REGISTER, or shall be at 1:00 p.m. eastern time standard or daylight, as appropriate) nent, the date when the document is nulgation, approval, or action, the time and date of such promulgation, xplicitly provides in a particular prosecond sentence of section 307(b)(1) pproval or action for purposes of the Unless the Administrator otherwise

§23.4 Timing of Administrator's action under Resource Conservation and Recovery Act.

(standard or daylight, as appropriate) 3006, shall be at 1:00 p.m. eastern time nying, or withdrawing authorization or ing, modifying, or revoking any permit under section 3005, or in granting, deexplicitly provides in taking a parafter it is signed. REGISTER document, two weeks after the date when the document is pubon the date that is (a) for a FEDERAL ticular action, for purposes of section lished in the FEDERAL REGISTER, or (b) ministrator's action in issuing, deny-7006(b), the time and date of the Ador any other document, two weeks nterim authorization under section Unless the Administrator otherwise

§28.5 Timing of Administrator's action under Toxic Substances Control Act.

the document is published in the FEDpurposes of section 19(a)(1) shall be at explicitly provides in promulgating a document, two weeks after it is signed ERAL REGISTER, or (b) for any other ment, two weeks after the date when is (a) for a FEDERAL REGISTER doculight, as appropriate) on the date that istrator's promulgation or issuance for order, the time and date of the Adminparticular rule or issuing a particular l:00 p.m. eastern time (standard or day-Unless the Administrator otherwise

§23.6 Timing of Administrator's action under Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act.

order, the time and date of entry of an order issued by the Administrator folweeks after it is signed. propriate) on the date that is ern time (standard or daylight, as apsection 16(b) shall be at 1:00 p.m. eastlowing a public hearing for purposes of explicitly provides in a Unless the Administrator otherwise particular

§ 23.7 Timing of Administrator's action under Safe Drinking Water Act.

explicitly provides in a particular promulgation action or determination, time and date of the Administrator's Unless the Administrator otherwise